

Product Datasheet - Technical Specifications



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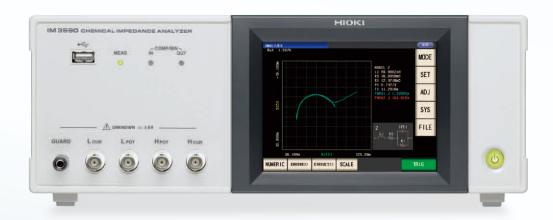
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CHEMICAL IMPEDANCE ANALYZER IM3590



Ideal for Measuring Electrochemical Impedance

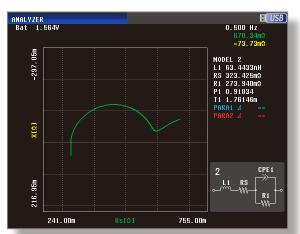
Hioki's Chemical Impedance Analyzer IM3590 is designed to perform impedance (LCR) measurement of electrochemical components and materials. It offers functionality such as Cole-Cole plot generation and equivalent circuit analysis with a broad measurement frequency range of 1 mHz to 200 kHz, measurement speeds as high as 2 ms, and basic accuracy of $\pm 0.05\%$. With the advanced display and analysis functionality required for research and development work and LCR measurement capability for standard electronic components, the instrument provides a single-device solution for a broad range of measurement applications.



Measure Electrochemical Components and Materials, Batteries, and EDLCs*

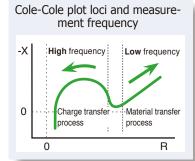
*Electric double-layer capacitors

Cole-Cole plot



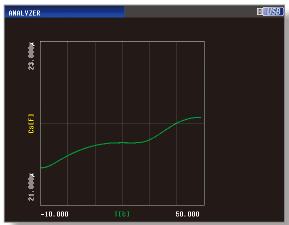
Cole - Cole plot screen (manganese battery)

In measurement of electrochemical components and materials, Cole-Cole plots are used to ascertain electrode, electrolyte ion, and other characteristics. The IM3590 can perform frequency sweep measurement using up to 801 points and display the results as a Cole-Cole plot.



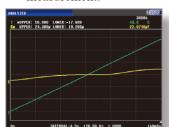
Measurement at low frequencies is necessary in order to measure characteristics such as ion behavior, and the IM3590 can conduct measurements at 1 mHz. The instrument's upper limit frequency is 200 kHz, allowing it to measure solution resistance.

Temperature measurement and time interval measurement



X–Y display screen (Temperature characteristics of multi-layer ceramic capacitor capacitance)

When used in conjunction with an optional temperature probe, the IM3590 can display graphs that include measured temperatures. By assigning temperature to one axis on the X-Y display, it is possible to display a temperature characteristics graph. The instrument can also perform time interval measurement at up to 801 points, and can display graphs illustrating variation over time, including temperature measurement.



The temperature sensor (Sheath Type Temperature Probe 9478) has a waterproof sheath, allowing it to be directly inserted into solutions.

Sheath material: SUS316 Water-proof property: EN60529:1991, IP67

Interval measurement illustrating variation over time (Variation of laminated ceramic capacitor capacitance)

Advantage

Battery measurement function

The IM3590's battery measurement function simplifies the process of measuring battery impedance characteristics in a no-load state by automatically measuring the battery voltage and superimposing the same voltage from the instrument as DC bias.

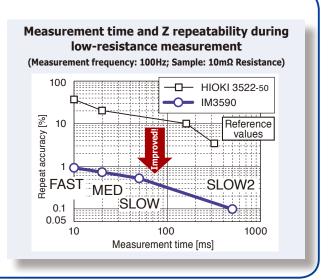


Measurement of alkaline batteries

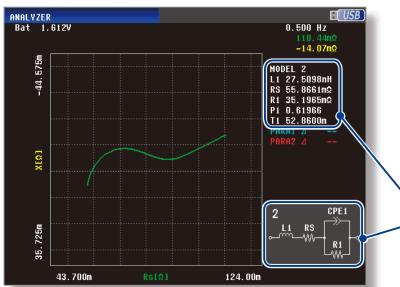
Supported battery specifications

Internal impedance : 10 m Ω to 10 Ω

Battery voltage: 5 V max



Electrochemical equivalent circuit analysis



The ability to measure electrochemical components and materials makes possible evaluation by estimating equivalent circuits, facilitating a deeper understanding of reaction, electrode, and electrolyte characteristics. The IM3590 provides electrochemical component and material equivalent circuit models, allowing evaluation of solution resistance, charge transfer resistance, and electric double-layer capacitance.

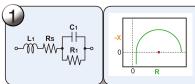
Equivalent circuit analysis result

Equivalent circuit model

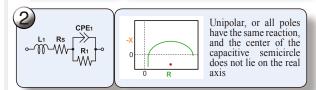
Equivalent circuit analysis screen (alkaline battery)

• Equivalent circuit models and measurement parameters

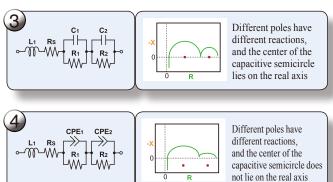
Unipolar models



Unipolar, or all poles have the same reaction, and the center of the capacitive semicircle lies on the real axis



Polar models



Measurement parameters

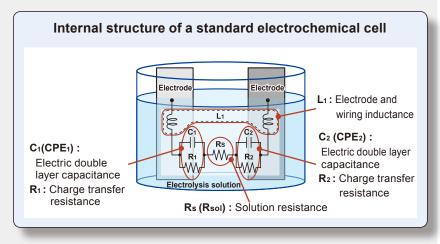
Rs (Solution resistance)

R₁, R₂ (Charge transfer resistance)

C₁, C₂ (Electric double layer capacitance)

CPE1, CPE2 (Constant Phase Element)

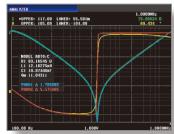
L₁ (Inductance)



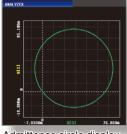
Electronic Components

(LCR Elements and Piezoelectric and Resonant Elements)

Sweep function (Frequency and signal level)



Frequency characteristics and analysis results simulation screen



Admittance circle display

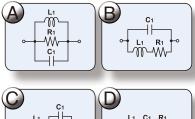
The IM3590 can perform sweep measurement of the frequency characteristics of standard LCR components such as electronic components and piezoelectric elements (resonant components). The ability to display frequency characteristics, admittance circles, and Cole-Cole plots makes it easy to assess characteristics. The instrument can also perform signal level (V/CV/CC) and DC bias voltage sweep operation.

Equivalent circuit analysis of electronic components

The IM3590 offers five equivalent analysis circuits for circuit components, allowing the instrument to be used to estimate and evaluate standard LCR components such as electronic components and piezoelectric elements (resonant components).

Equivalent Circuit Model and Measurement Items

Three-element model



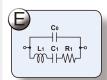
Measurement items

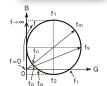
- L1 (Inductance)
- C1 (Capacitance)
- R₁ (Resistance)
- Qm (Resonance sharpness)

The following measurement items can be captured via PC communication.

- fr (Resonance frequency)
- fa (Anti-resonance frequency)

Four-element model





Measurement items

- L1 (Inductance)
- C1 (Capacitance)
- R1 (Resistance)
- Co (Parallel capacitance)
- Qm (Resonance sharpness or mechanical quality coefficient)

The following measurement items can be captured via PC communication.

- fr (Resonance frequency)
- fa (Anti-resonance frequency)
- fs (Series resonance frequency) f_p (Parallel resonance frequency)
- fm (Maximum admittance frequency)
- fn (Minimum admittance frequency)
- f1 (Maximum susceptance frequency)
- f2 (Minimum susceptance frequency)

Saving and reading data via front-loading USB port

Measurement results and settings can be saved to a commercially available USB flash drive connected to the front panel.

(The USB port on the front panel is specifically for a USB flash drive. Batch save all measurement results to a USB flash drive after saving them to the internal memory of IM3590. Some USB flash drives may not be supported due to incompatibility issues.)



Various measurement results and settings

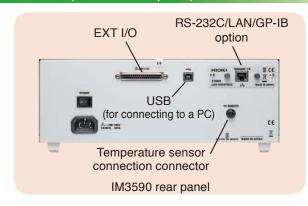
Save to USB flash drive

Connecting to a PC or PLC via RS-232C, LAN, or GP-IB (select one option) connection

Users can also select an optional RS-232C, LAN, or GP-IB interface if needed. IM3590 functions can be controlled from a PLC or computer, and measurement results can be downloaded. (Certain functions, including instrument power on/off and interface configuration, cannot be controlled remotely.)

Download the LabView driver from the HIOKI website at http://www.hioki.com.

External I/O can be used to output measurement complete and judgment result signals and to receive measurement trigger and other signals in order to facilitate control of the instrument.



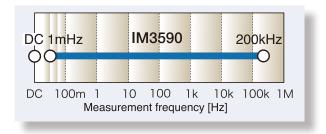
High-speed, High-precision, Easy-to-use Operation

Basic performance

Wide setting range for measurement frequency

IM3590 allows DC or a frequency band within the range of 1 mHz to 200 kHz to be set with five-digit resolution (testing at less than 100 Hz has a 1 mHz resolution). This enables the measurement of resonance frequency and measurement and evaluation in a state close to that of actual operating conditions.

The IM3590's frequency range extends from the low frequencies that are required for electrochemical impedance measurement in order to assess phenomena such as ion behavior to high frequencies that allow measurement of solution resistance.



Wide setting range for measurement voltageand current

In addition to normal open-loop signal generation, this instrument enables measurement considering voltage/current dependence in constant voltage and constant current modes. The signal levels can be set over wide ranges, from 5 mV to 5 V, and from 10 µA to 50 mA. (The setting range of measurement signal levels differs depending on the frequency and measurement mode.)

Measurement times as short as 2 ms

The IM3590 can perform measurements in as little as 2 ms using the FAST measurement speed setting with a measurement frequency of

Basic accuracy of ±0.05%

Thanks to Z basic accuracy of ±0.05%, the IM3590 offers a level of accuracy that is ideal for use in applications ranging from component testing to research and development.

Guaranteed accuracy at measurement cable lengths of up to 4 m

A 4-terminal pair configuration reduces the influence of measurement cables, allowing accuracy to be guaranteed to a length of 4 m and simplifying connections to large samples as well as wiring of automated equipment. (The frequency range over which accuracy is guaranteed varies with the cable length.)

Measure 18 parameters, including dielectric constant and conductivity

In addition to Z, Y, θ , Rs (ESR), Rp, Rdc (DC resistance), X, G, B, Ls, Lp, Cs, Cp, D (tan σ), Q, and T, the IM3590 can measure the dielectric constant (ϵ) and conductivity (σ). Parameters can be captured by computer as required.

Measurable parameters

- Z (impedance[Ω])
- Y (admittance[S])
- θ (phase angle[°])
- Rs (Equivalent series resistance = $ESR[\Omega]$)
- Rp (Parallel resistance[Ω])
- Rdc (DC resistance[Ω])
 - X (reluctance[Ω])
 - G (conductance[S])
 - B (susceptance[S])

- Ls (series inductance[H])
- Lp (parallel inductance[H])
- Cs (series capacitance[F]) Cp (parallel capacitance[F])
- Q (Q factor (Q = 1/D))
- D (loss coefficient = $tan\delta$)
- T (temperature[°C])
- σ (conductivity[S/m])
- ε (dielectric constant[F/m])

Functions and Features to Simplify the Operation of LCR Measurements

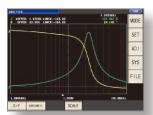
Intuitive operation with touch panel

A touch panel display with intuitive operation is inherited from previous models. Furthermore, the incorporation of a color LCD means the display is easy to view, and outstanding operability which ensures you intuitively know what to do helps improve work efficiency.



Simultaneous display of four parameters (during normal measurement)

The IM3590 can display four parameters simultaneously during normal measurement, making it easy to check among parameters.



Measurement screen (Analyzer mode)



Setting items of basic measurement conditions

Measurement conditions such as the measurement frequency and measurement signal level can be changed while you monitor the measurement values.



Measurement parameter input screen



Frequency setting (numeric keypad input)

IM3590 measurement accuracy

Conditions

At least 60 minutes after power-on, after performing open and short compensation, with a temperature and humidity range of $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ and relative humidity of 80% or less (non-condensing) (Outside the range of 23°C ±5°C, accuracy can be calculated from 0°C to 40°C by multiplying the basic accuracy by the temperature coefficient G.)

Basic accuracy (Z, 0) calculation expression

Top A: Basic accuracy of Z (± % rdg.) B is the coefficient for the impedance of the sample

Bottom A: Basic accuracy of θ (\pm % deg.) B is the coefficient for the impedance of the sample

A is the accuracy of DC(Rdc) when Rdc (± % rdg.) B is the coefficient for the resistance of the sample

When temperature compensation is performed to: Reference temperature [°C] during Rdc measurement, add the following value to the calculation expression of basic accuracy.

$$\frac{-100 \,\alpha_{\text{t0}} \,\Delta t}{1 + \alpha_{\text{t0}} \times (t + \Delta t - t_0)} \quad [\%]$$

In the 1 $k\Omega$ range and above and 100 Ω range and below, the calculation expression of basic accuracy differs as shown below. For details, refer to the following calculation examples.

Accuracy =
$$A + B \times \left| \begin{array}{c} 10 \times Zx \\ \hline Range \end{array} \right| - 1$$

100 Ω range and below:

Zx is the actual impedance measurement value (Z) of the sample.

- t: Current ambient temperature [°C]
- Δt: Temperature measurement accuracy
- α_{t0}: Temperature coefficient for t₀ [1/°C]

The measurement accuracy is calculated based on the following equation. Measurement accuracy = Basic accuracy $\times C \times D \times E \times F \times G$

[C: Level coefficient] V: Setting value (corresponds to when V mode) [V]

Except Rdc	Rdc
0.005V to 0.999V: 1+0.2/V	
1V:1	2V:1
1.001V to $5V: 1+2/V$	

[D: Measurement speed coefficient]

Except Rdc	Rdc
FAST: 8	FAST: 4
MED: 4	MED: 3
SLOW: 2	SLOW: 2
SLOW2: 1	SLOW2: 1

[E: Measurement cable length coefficient]

Up to 200kHz(no limitations)

0m: 1; 1m: 1.2; 2m: 1.5; 4m: 2

Use a coaxial cable (1.5D-2V) with a characteristic impedance of 50 Ω in a 4-terminal pair configuration.

[F: DC bias coefficient]

DC bias setting OFF: 1 DC bias setting ON: 2

[G: Temperature coefficient] t: Operating temperature

When t is 18°C to 28°C: 1,

When t is 0° C to 18° C or 28° C to 40° C: $1+0.1 \times |t-23|$

Basic accuracy

Guaranteed accuracy period: 1 year

When all coefficients by which the basic accuracy is multiplied (signal level of 1 V or Rdc measurement, measurement speed of SLOW2, measurement cable length of 0 m [when using Test Fixture 9262 or similar], DC bias setting of OFF, and operating temperature of 23°C ±5°C) are 1, the basic accuracy is the measurement accuracy.

Range	Guaranteed accuracy range	DC(Rdc)	0.001Hz to 99.999Hz	100.00Hz to 999.99Hz	1.0000kHz to 10.000kHz	10.001kHz to 100.00kHz	100.01kHz to 200.00kHz	
100ΜΩ	8MΩ to 200MΩ	A=1 B=1	A=6 B=5 A=5 B=3	A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2	A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2			
10ΜΩ	800kΩ to 100MΩ	A=0.5 B=0.3	A=0.8 B=1 A=0.8 B=0.5	A=0.5 B=0.3 A=0.4 B=0.2	A=0.5 B=0.3 A=0.4 B=0.2	A=3 B=2 A=2 B=2		
1ΜΩ	80kΩ to 10MΩ	A=0.2 B=0.1	A=0.4 B=0.08 A=0.3 B=0.08	A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.7 B=0.08 A=1.3 B=0.08	A=1 B=0.5 A=3 B=0.5	
100kΩ	8kΩ to 1MΩ	A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.3 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.03 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.15 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.015	A=0.25 B=0.04 A=0.4 B=0.02	A=0.4 B=0.3 A=1.2 B=0.3	
10kΩ	800Ω to 100kΩ	A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.3 B=0.025 A=0.3 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.025 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.05 B=0.02 A=0.03 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.025 A=0.4 B=0.02	A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.6 B=0.05	
1kΩ	80Ω to 10kΩ	A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.2 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.15 B=0.02 A=0.08 B=0.02	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.4 B=0.02	A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.6 B=0.02	
100Ω	8Ω to 100Ω	A=0.1 B=0.02	A=0.4 B=0.02 A=0.2 B=0.01	A=0.3 B=0.02 A=0.15 B=0.01	A=0.15 B=0.02 A=0.1 B=0.01	A=0.2 B=0.02 A=0.4 B=0.02	A=0.3 B=0.03 A=0.6 B=0.02	
10Ω	800mΩ to 10Ω	A=0.2 B=0.15	A=0.5 B=0.2 A=0.3 B=0.1	A=0.4 B=0.05 A=0.3 B=0.03	A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.15 B=0.03	A=0.3 B=0.05 A=0.75 B=0.05	A=0.4 B=0.2 A=1.5 B=0.1	
1Ω	80mΩ to 1Ω	A=0.3 B=0.3	A=2 B=1 A=1 B=0.6	A=0.6 B=0.3 A=0.5 B=0.2	A=0.4 B=0.3 A=0.25 B=0.2	A=0.4 B=0.3 A=1 B=0.2	A=1 B=1 A=2 B=0.5	
100mΩ	10mΩ to 100mΩ	A=3 B=3	A=10 B=10 A=6 B=6	A=3 B=3 A=2 B=2	A=3 B=2 A=2 B=1.5	A=2 B=2 A=2 B=1.5	A=4 B=3 A=3 B=4	

Method for determining basic accuracy

- Calculate the basic accuracy from the sample impedance, measurement range, and measurement frequency and the corresponding basic accuracy A and coefficient B from the table above.
- \bullet The calculation expression to use differs for each of the 1 $k\Omega$ range and above and 100 Ω range and below.
- For C and L, obtain basic accuracy A and coefficient B by determining the measurement range from the actual measurement value of impedance or the approximate impedance value calculated with the following expression.

$$\begin{split} Zx \; (\Omega) \; &\approx \; \omega L \; (H) \qquad (\theta \approx 90^\circ) \\ &\approx \; \frac{1}{\omega C \; (F)} \quad (\theta \approx -90^\circ) \\ &\approx \; R \; (\Omega) \qquad (\theta \approx 0^\circ) \; \; (\omega : 2 \, x \, \pi \, x \; \text{Measurement frequency [Hz]}) \end{split}$$

Calculation example

Impedance Zx of sample: 500 Ω (actual measurement value) Measurement conditions: When frequency 10 kHz and range 1 k Ω

Insert coefficient A = 0.15 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the Z basic accuracy from the table above into the expression.

Z basic accuracy =
$$0.15 + 0.02 \times \left| \frac{10 \times 500}{10^3} - 1 \right| = 0.23 \text{ ($\pm \% \text{rdg.}$)}$$

Similarly, insert coefficient A = 0.08 and coefficient B = 0.02 for the θ basic accuracy, as follows:

$$\theta$$
 basic accuracy = $0.08 + 0.002 \times \left| \frac{10 \times 500}{10^3} - 1 \right| = 0.16 \text{ (\pmdeg.)}$

■ IM3590 measurement accuracy

Guaranteed accuracy range (measurement signal level)

The guaranteed accuracy range differs depending on the measurement frequency, measurement signal level, and measurement range.

	5.0					
Range	DC	0.001Hz to 99.999Hz	100.00Hz to 999.99Hz	1.0000kHz to 10.000kHz	10.001kHz to 100.00kHz	100.01kHz to 200.00kHz
100ΜΩ		0.101 V to 5 V 0.050 V to 5 V				_
10ΜΩ					0.504.1/45.51/	
1ΜΩ				0.101 V to 5 V	0.501 V to 5 V	
100kΩ	2 V	0.005 \/ to E \/			0.050 V to 5 V	0.101 V to 5 V
10kΩ, 1kΩ, 100Ω	2 V	0.005 V to 5 V				
10Ω		0.050 V to 5 V				
1Ω		0.101 V to 5 V (Guaranteed accuracy of 0.501 V to 5 V when DC bias.)				
100mΩ		0.501 V to 5 V (Guaranteed accuracy of 1 V to 5 V when DC bias.)				

The above voltages are the voltage setting values correspond to when in V mode.

In the $10~M\Omega$ to $1~k\Omega$ range, the guaranteed accuracy range is as follows when measured values (impedance values) exceed the range.

Range	DC	0.001Hz to 99.999Hz	100.00Hz to 999.99Hz	1.0000kHz to 10.000kHz	10.001kHz to 100.00kHz	100.01kHz to 200.00kHz
10ΜΩ		0.101	0.101 V to 5 V 0.050 V to 5 V			
1ΜΩ		0.101			0.501 V to 5 V	
100kΩ	2 V	0.050			0.501 V to 5 V	
10kΩ			0.005 V to 5 V			0.101 V to 5 V
1kΩ		0.005 V to 5 V				

The above voltages are the voltage setting values correspond to when in V mode.

■ Specificatio	NS Product warranty: 3 year
Measurement modes	LCR mode: Measurement with single condition Continuous measurement mode: Measures under saved conditions continuously LCR mode (maximum of 60 sets) Analyzer mode (maximum of 2 sets) Analyzer mode:Measurement frequency or measurement level sweep operation, temperature characteristics, equivalent circuit analysis (Measurement points: 2 to 801, Measurement method: normal sweep or segment sweep, Display: List display or graph display)
Measurement parameters	$Z,Y,\theta,Rs(ESR),Rp,Rdc(DC\ resistance),X,G,B,Cs,\\Cp,Ls,Lp,D(tan\delta),Q,T,\sigma,\epsilon$
Measurement range	$100~m\Omega$ to $100~M\Omega,~10~ranges$ (All parameters are determined according to $Z)$ Guaranteed accuracy range: $10~m\Omega$ to $200~M\Omega$
Display range	Z, Y, Rs, Rp, Rdc, X, G, B, Ls, Lp, Cs, Cp, σ, ε: ±(0.00000 [unit] to 9.99999G [unit]) Absolute value display for Z and Y only θ:±(0.000° to 180.000°) D:±(0.00000 to 9.99999) Q:±(0.000 to 9999.99) Δ %:±(0.000% to 999.99%) T:-10.0°C to 99.9°C σ, ε:±(0.00000f [unit] to 999.999G [unit])
Basic accuracy	Z: ±0.05%rdg. θ: ±0.03°
Measurement frequency	1 mHz to 200 kHz (1 mHz to 10 Hz steps)
Measurement signal level	Normal mode: V mode/CV mode: 5 mV to 5 Vrms, 1 mVrms steps CC mode: 10 μ A to 50 mArms, 10 μ Arms steps Low impedance high accuracy mode: V mode/CV mode: 5 mV to 2.5 Vrms, 1 mVrms steps CC mode:10 μ A to 100 mArms, 10 μ Arms steps With battery measurement function ON: V mode: 101 mV to 1.25 Vrms, 1 mVrms steps CV mode: 5 mV to 1.25 Vrms, 1 mVrms steps CC mode: 2 mA to 50 mArms, 10 μ Arms steps
Output impedance	Normal mode: $100~\Omega$ Low impedance high accuracy mode: $25~\Omega$
Display	5.7-inch color TFT, display can be set to ON/OFF
No. of display digits setting	The number of display digits can be set from 3 to 6 (initial value: 6 digits)
Measurement time	2 ms (1 kHz, FAST, display OFF, representative value)
Measurement speed	FAST/MED/SLOW/SLOW2

DC bias measurement	Normal mode: -5.00 V to 5.00 VDC (10 mV steps) Low impedance high accuracy mode: -2.50 V to 2.50 V (10 mV steps)
Rdc (DC resistance) measurement	Measurement signal level: Fixed to 2 V Temperature compensation function: Converted reference temperature is displayed Reference temperature setting range: -10°C to 99.9°C Temperature coefficient setting range: -99,999ppm/°C to 99,999ppm/°C
Temperature measurement function	Temperature Probe: Sheath Type Temperature Probe 9478 (option) Measurement range: -10°C to 99.9°C Sampling cycle: Around 640ms
Comparator	LCR mode: Hi/IN/Lo for 2 parameters
BIN measurement	10 classifications and out of range for 2 parameters
Compensation	Open/short/load/correlation compensation Cable length: 0, 1, 2 and 4 m
Residual charge protection function	V= $\sqrt{10/C}$ (C: Capacitance [F] of test sample, V = max. 400 V)
Trigger synchronous output function	Applies a measurement signal during analog measurement only
Averaging	1 to 256
Panel loading/saving	LCR mode: 60; Analyzer mode: 2; Compensation value: 128
Memory function	Stores 32,000 data items to the memory of the instrument
Interfaces	EXT I/O (handler), USB (Hi-Speed), USB flash drive Option: RS-232C, GP-IB, LAN (10BASE-T/100BASE- TX), Only 1 Optional Interface can be installed at any one time
Operating temperature and humidity ranges	0 °C (32 °F) to 40°C (104 °F), 80% RH or less, no condensation
Storage temperature and humidity ranges	-10°C (14 °F) to 55°C (131 °F), 80% RH or less, no condensation
Power supply	100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 50 VA max.
Dimensions and mass	Approx. 330 W x 119 H x 168 D mm, approx. 3.1 kg Approx. 12.99" W x 4.69" H x 6.61" D, approx. 109.3 oz.
Accessories	Power Cord × 1, Instruction Manual × 1, CD-R (Communication Instruction Manual and Sample Software [Communications Control, Accuracy Calculation, and Screen Capture Functionality]) × 1
Applicable standards	EMC: EN61326-1, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 Safety standard: EN61010



Model: CHEMICAL IMPEDANCE ANALYZER IM3590

Model No. (Order Code) (Note)

(For electrochemical components)

Standard accessories: Power Cord, Instruction Manual, CD-R (Communication Instruction Manual and Sample Software [Communications Control, Accuracy Calculation, and Screen Capture Functionality])

Test fixtures are not supplied with the unit. Select an optional test fixture or probe when ordering. Probes are constructed with a coaxial cable with 50Ω impedance characteristics.

Options

INTERFACE UNIT (Only 1 can be installed at any one time)







GP-IB INTERFACE RS-232C INTERFACE Z3001*

LAN INTERFACE Z3002

*RS-232C cable

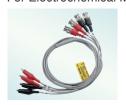
Z3000

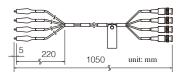
For RS-232C cable, a crossover cable for interconnection can be used. The RS-232C cable 9637 (9-pin to 9-pin, crossed cable) cannot be used for applications involving the flow control of hardware.



GP-IB CONNECTION CABLE 9151-02 2 m (6.56 ft)

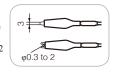
For Electrochemical Measurement





FOUR-TERMINAL PROBE 9500-10

Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 200 kHz, impedance characteristics of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair configuration, measurable conductor diameter: ø0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 2 mm (0.08 in)



DC Bias Unit



DC BIAS **VOLTAGE UNIT**

Direct connection type, 40 Hz to 8 MHz, maximum applied voltage of DC ±40 V.



DC BIAS **CURRENT UNIT** 9269-10

Direct connection type, 40 Hz to 2 MHz, maximum applied current of DC 2 A (maximum applied voltage of DC ±40 V).

* An internal 300µH inductance is connected in parallel to the DUT.

When using the 9268-10 or 9269-10, external constant-voltage and constant-current sources are required.

TEMPERATURE PROBE



SHEATH TYPE TEMPERATURE PROBE 9478

Pt100, tip ø2.3 mm (0.09 in), cord length 1 m (3.28 ft), water-proof structure water-proof property: EN60529:1991, IP67



Probes and Test Fixtures for Lead Components -



FOUR-TERMINAL PROBE L2000

Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 8 MHz, impedance characteristics of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair configuration, measurable conductor diameter: ø0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 1.5 mm (0.06 in)

TEST FIXTURE 9261-10

Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 8 MHz, impedance characteristics of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair configuration, measurable conductor diameter: 0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 5 mm (0.20 in)



FOUR-TERMINAL PROBE 9140-10

TEST FIXTURE 9262

Cable length 1 m (3.28 ft), DC to 200 kHz. impedance characteristics of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair configuration, measurable conductor diameter: \emptyset 0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 5 mm (0.20 in) Direct connection type, DC to 8 MHz measurable conductor diameter: ø0.3 mm (0.01 in) to 2 mm (0.08 in)

Test Fixtures for SMD



SMD TEST FIXTURE IM9110

Measurable range: DC to 1 MHz, For SMD with electrodes on side, Measurable sample sizes: 008004 (EIA), 0201 (JIS), Please contact Hioki for information about other sizes, Direct connection type



SMD TEST FIXTURE 9699

Direct connection type, Electrodes on bottom for SMD, DC to 120 MHz, Test sample dimensions: 1.0 mm (0.04 in) to 4.0 mm (0.16 in) wide, maximum 1.5 mm (0.06 in) high



SMD TEST FIXTURE IM9100

Measurable range: DC to 8 MHz, For SMD with electrodes on bottom, Measurable sample sizes: 01005 to 0402 (EIA) 0402 to 1005 (JIS), Direct connection type



SMD TEST FIXTURE

Direct connection type, DC to 8 MHz, Test sample dimensions: 1 mm (0.04 in) to 10 mm (0.39 in)



SMD TEST FIXTURE 9677

Direct connection type, Electrodes on side for SMD, DC to 120 MHz, Test sample dimensions: $3.5 \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm} (0.14 \text{ in} \pm 0.02)$



PINCHER PROBE L2001

*Ships standard with one set of IM9901

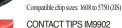
Cable length 730 mm (2.40 ft), DC to 8 MHz, characteristic impedance of 50 Ω , 4-terminal pair design, 2-terminal electrode, tip electrode spacing of 0.3 to approx. 6 mm (0.01 to approx. 0.24 in)

Options for L2001

Replaceable contact tips



CONTACT TIPS IM9901





Compatible chip sizes: 0603 to 5750 (JIS)

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