

## **Product Datasheet - Technical Specifications**



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# **R&S®ESSENTIALS**

# MXO 3 Series OSCILLOSCOPE

Next generation oscilloscope: Fast. Precise. Compact.



Product Brochure Version 04.01 Four- and eightchannel models

ROHDE&SCHWARZ

Make ideas real



# **MXO 3 SERIES OSCILLOSCOPE**

# FAST. PRECISE. COMPACT.

Get big capabilities in a small package. Gain the freedom and versatility your work demands without compromising on results. Enjoy unmatched performance and gain an expert understanding of your device under test quickly and easily.



4-channel model

8-channel model

Bandwidth: 100 MHz to 1 GHz

Fast:

4.5 million acquisitions/s, up to 99 % real time capture

Precise:

12-bit ADC, 18-bit HD mode, digital trigger

Compact:

11.6" Full HD display and feature-packed

# WHY ENGINEERS LOVE ROHDE & SCHWARZ OSCILLOSCOPES

- A trusted, global high-quality company with a long-standing commitment to customers and continuous technological innovation
- ► The newest oscilloscope portfolio from 60 MHz to 16 GHz
- ► In-house ASICs for the world's most responsive oscilloscopes
- ► Frontend technology development for pristine signal integrity
- ► 18-bit architecture with HD mode for the highest resolution
- ▶ Digital triggers for the world's most sensitive event isolation
- ► Superior user interface and front panel to streamline workflows

#### WHY THE MXO 3 SERIES

► Gain the freedom and versatility your work demands without compromising on results. Equipped with next-generation MXO technology, MXO 3 series delivers fast and precise measurements in a small package

#### ▶ Fast

- Industry's fastest update rate of up to 4.5 million acquisitions/s
- Industry's highest real-time signal capture up to 99 %
- Fast in both time and frequency domains

#### **▶** Precise

- 12-bit ADC at all sample rates, 18-bit in HD mode
- Advanced and flexible digital trigger
- Deep 125 Mpoints standard memory

#### **▶** Compact

- Save space with all models that fit comfortably on your bench
- See and share easily with the large 11.6" Full HD display
- Rackmount with 5U height for all models

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- ▶ 4- and 8-channel models
- ▶ 100 MHz to 1 GHz bandwidth
- ▶ 5 Gsample/s sample rate
- ▶ 125 Mpoints per channel standard memory
- ▶ 12-bit ADC at all sample rates

# MXO 3 OSCILLOSCOPE TECHNOLOGY

# FAST. PRECISE. COMPACT.

MXO 3 series oscilloscopes blend cutting-edge hardware and software technology for fast and precise results in a compact format.



#### Fast.

All MXO oscilloscopes incorporate cutting-edge ASIC technology. Get the world's fastest update rate of up to 4.5 million acquisitions/s enabled by the Rohde & Schwarz MXO-EP ASIC that processes 400 Gbit/s. This chip also enables hardware-accelerated functionality including math, spectrum, zone triggering and mask testing.



#### Precise.

With low-noise frontend Rohde & Schwarz ASIC technology, 12-bit vertical resolution in Rohde & Schwarz proprietary ADC technology with up to 18-bit resolution and a digital trigger that is so sensitive it can trigger on smallest signal details, you will be equipped with the most precise oscilloscope in its class. With 125 Mpoints standard memory and up to 500 Mpoints option, capture hundreds of milliseconds of time while retaining a fast sample rate and full bandwidth.



Pencil size compared to oscilloscope dimensions

#### Compact.

Engineered with innovative technology that allows for both 4- and 8-channel models in a surprising small package, MXO 3 oscilloscopes still retain a large 11.6" Full HD display. With its small footprint and light weight, easily place the oscilloscope on a crowded bench or quickly move to a new different measurement location. For rackmounting, it is just 5U high.

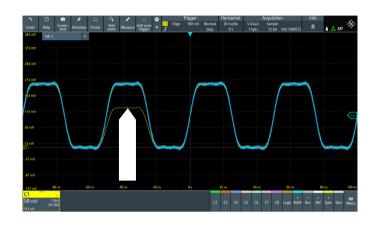
# **FAST**

# SEE MORE SIGNAL DETAILS AND SUBTLE CHANGES INSTANTLY.

- ▶ Up to 99 % real-time capture
- ► Hardware-accelerated functionality
- ► Industry's fastest spectrum

#### Up to 99 % real-time capture

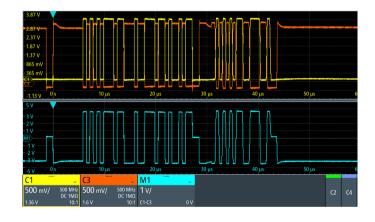
While most oscilloscopes capture less than 2% of real-time system activity, MXO oscilloscopes capture up to 99% of your signal's activity. Instantly see details that other oscilloscopes miss. With 4.5 million waveforms/s, quickly see rare events and anomalies that other oscilloscopes mask. Minimum trigger re-arm time is just 21 ns versus microseconds on other oscilloscopes.



#### Hardware-accelerated everything

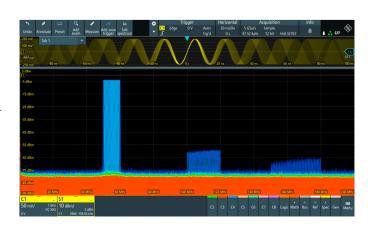
What other companies do in software, MXO oscilloscopes do in hardware. MXO 3 incorporates hardware accelerated:

- ► Math (up to 600 000 operations/s)
- ► FFTs (up to 50000 FFTs/s)
- ▶ HD filters (up to 4.5 million acquisitions/s)
- ► Zone triggering (up to 600 000 triggers/s)
- ► Mask testing (up to 4000000 tests/s)
- ► XY mode (up to 2000000 plots/s)
- ► Protocol decode



#### **Industry's fastest spectrum**

MXO 3 creates its spectrum display by processing FFTs in hardware. See details in the frequency domain, including dynamic signal changes that other oscilloscopes do not show. Use free run trigger mode, a feature only found on Rohde&Schwarz oscilloscopes, to ensure the fastest spectrum performance of 50 000 FFTs/s.



# **PRECISE**

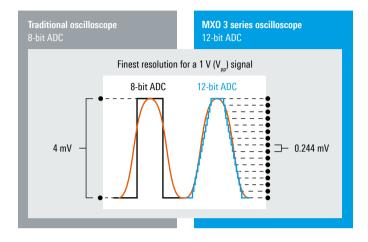
# DON'T LET ANYTHING GET PAST YOU.

- ► Low noise plus more vertical resolution
- ► Gain sharper view of your signals with HD mode
- ► Industry's biggest offset delivers higher SNR

#### Low noise plus more vertical resolution

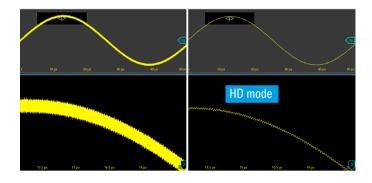
See small signal changes in the presence of larger signals:

- ▶ With 12-bit vertical resolution in hardware at all sample rates, get 16x more resolution than 8-bit oscilloscopes
- Low-noise: only < 50 μV RMS noise on 1 M $\Omega$  and 50  $\Omega$  paths at 1 mV/div with 100 MHz bandwidth



#### Gain sharper view of your signals with HD mode

Use HD mode to see signal detail that would normally be buried in noise. HD mode offers both noise reduction and up to 18 bit vertical resolution. Unlike other oscilloscopes, HD mode runs at full sample rate and is done in hardware so it's both precise and fast.



#### Industry's biggest offset delivers higher SNR

Use the most sensitive vertical scale to see more of your signal and less measurement system noise. MXO 3 oscilloscopes have large  $\pm 3$  V offset at 1 mV/div on both 50  $\Omega$  and 1 M $\Omega$  paths. Zoom in on small-amplitude signals to get best SNR. The offset is 2x to 3x better than other leading models in the industry.



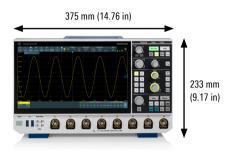
# **COMPACT**

#### GET BIG CAPABILITIES IN A SURPRISINGLY SMALL PACKAGE.

- ► Fits anywhere
- ► Large number of capabilities in a small size
- ► Still retains vibrant large 11.6" Full HD display

#### Fits anywhere

MXO 3 oscilloscopes' small footprint and light weight make them easy to fit anywhere – even on crowded benches. Small footprint means more space for engineering creative mess. The instrument consumes just 5U rack height.

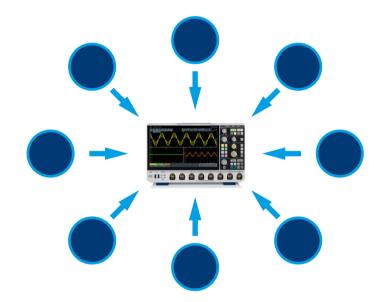




#### Large number of capabilities in a small size

Use your MXO 3 oscilloscope to tackle a wide variety of challenges with n-in-1 instrument integration:

- ► Spectrum analyzer
- ► Logic analyzer (MSO)
- ► Protocol analyzer (serial buses)
- ► DMM
- ► Function generator
- ► FRA (Bode plot frequency response analyzer)



#### Still retains vibrant large 11.6" Full HD display

While small in size, the MXO 3 retains a 11.6" Full HD display and a front panel harmonized with other MXO oscilloscopes. This makes it easy to use and share measurement insight others.



# **DEEP ACQUISITION MEMORY**

# OSCILLOSCOPE STAYS RESPONSIVE, EVEN WITH DEEP MEMORY.

- ▶ When you need it, deep memory is there
- ► Accurately capture long time without the headaches
- ▶ Independent sample rate, record length and timebase settings

#### When you need it, deep memory is there

MXO 3 comes standard with 125 Mpoints of memory per channel with an optional upgrade to 500 Mpoints. At any sample rate, having deeper memory means your oscilloscope can acquire more time. You may not know how much time you will need to capture for a particular challenge, and having deep memory is a great insurance policy.



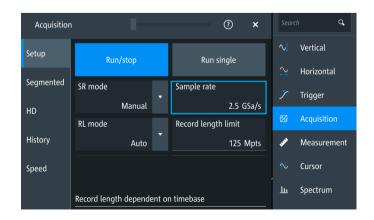
#### Accurately capture long time without the headaches

Capturing milliseconds or longer on most oscilloscopes often results in an inaccurate capture. When a oscilloscope runs out of memory, it compensates by reducing sample rate often aliasing captured signals. With MXO 3 memory of 125 Mpoints, capture 50 ms of time at full 1 GHz bandwidth with 2.5 Gsample/s without any worry. Or, 200 ms of time with 500 Mpoints at 2.5 Gsample/s.



#### Independent sample rate, record length and timebase settings

Easily ensure the sample rate is sufficient for your measurement. While most oscilloscopes restrict sample rate and memory with timebase settings, MXO oscilloscopes offer auto or manual control of sample rate, record length and timebase all independent of each other.



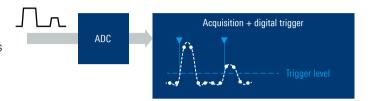
# **DIGITAL TRIGGER**

# **GREATER TRIGGER SENSITIVITY, REDUCED JITTER,** WIDER FILTERING OPTIONS

- ► Single signal path
- Industry's most precise and sensitive trigger
- ► Adjustable digital trigger filters

#### Single signal path

Digital trigger, pioneered and patented by Rohde & Schwarz, uses a single signal path for measurement and triggering. Older analog triggers that have separate measurement and trigger paths with limitations. Users cannot see the actual trigger circuit signal, trigger levels are restricted, and noise reduction is several limited. MXO digital triggering solves these issues to allow for more faster and more precise triggering.



#### Most precise and most sensitive trigger

Isolate small changes in the presence of large signals with trigger sensitivity down to 0.0001 vertical divisions. Trigger precisely on any analog level with interpolated based trigger detection between ADC samples. MXO oscilloscopes have an industry best < 1 ps trigger jitter for additional precision. Minimum trigger re-arm time is just 21 ns compared to other oscilloscopes with a rearm time in the microseconds.



#### Adjustable digital trigger filters

Use 18-bit HD mode to suppress broadband noise. Unlike conventional oscilloscopes where users only apply filter to the signal path and not the trigger path, MXO oscilloscopes allow HD and bandwidth filters to be applied. As there is a single path for triggering and measurement, see the exact signal the oscilloscope trigger sees as filtering is turned on/off.



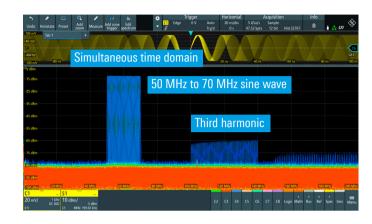
# **SPECTRUM**

## FAST AND PRECISE FREQUENCY DOMAIN MEASUREMENTS

- ► Fast: up to 50 000 FFTs/s
- ► Independent of time domain settings
- ► Free run for effective harmonics and EMI debugging

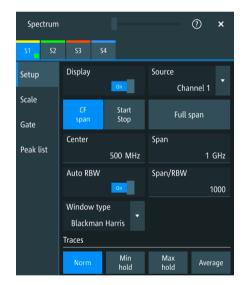
#### Fast: up to 50 000 FFTs/s

MXO spectrum is hardware accelerated, so it is fast. With up to 37 000 FFTs/s get fast and accurate frequency domain analysis. The analysis bandwidth matches the oscilloscope frequency (max. 1 GHz) and up to four spectrum can be used simultaneously.



#### Independent of time domain settings

Unlike other oscilloscopes where time and frequency controls are dependent, MXO 3 spectrum settings are independent of time domain settings making it easy to see both time and frequency events simultaneously. Select CF/span or start/stop just like on a spectrum analyzer. Choose your window type and adjust realtime bandwidth (RBW) if needed. Use averaging, peak list, max. hold and other spectrum settings.



#### Free run for effective harmonics and EMI debugging

MXO 3 includes a special triggerless mode called Free run that is designed for frequency domain debugging. Use it to maximizes FFTs/s for faster signal build-up. Quickly see spurs, harmonics and other frequency domain signals. Combine with a near-field probe for EMI emission debugging. CF/span/RBW can be adjusted to match EMI test needs.



# SUPERIOR USER INTERFACE

## R&S®SmartGrid UI DESIGNED FOR HIGH PRODUCTIVITY

- ► Customize your layout, fast
- Quick access to settings and capabilities
- Short learning curve

#### **Customize your layout, fast**

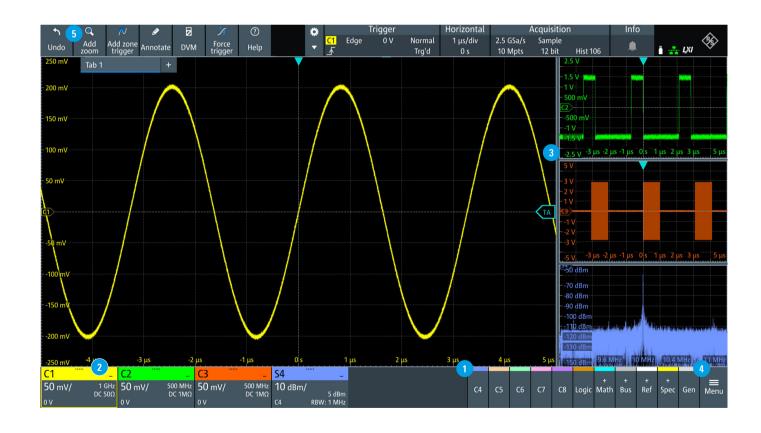
- Tap to turn on sources and other functions
- Quickly customize your display layout with drag & drop using R&S®SmartGrid
- Adjust grid and result table boundaries using sliders

#### Quick access to settings and capabilities

- Easily navigate to all settings using the main menu
- Quickly access important tools with the customizable toolbar

#### **Short learning curve**

The MXO user interface is designed for minimal learning curve for users of other oscilloscopes. For users who need a function description or who interface to the oscilloscope programmatically, simply press on the help button on the toolbar to see both a description of the functionality and the associated SCPI command.



# INTUITIVE USER INTERFACE

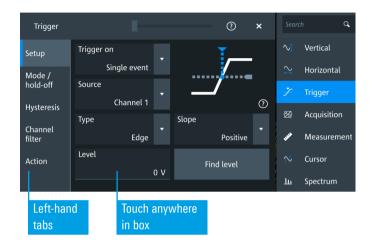
# **FAST, EASY AND SMART**

- ► Left-hand tab maximizes waveform area
- ► Quickly customize your toolbar
- ▶ Fast search

#### Left-hand tab maximizes waveform area

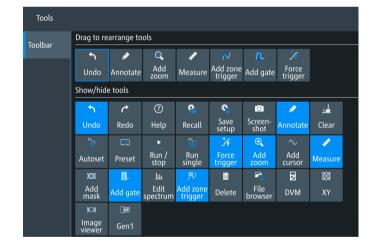
Extensive user feedback, competitive comparisons and research into the latest user interface concepts outside of test and measurement were used to develop the MXO user interface:

- ► Dialogs with left-hand tab design maximize waveform viewing
- ► Anywhere-in-box touch allow you to activate a field by touching a large target area



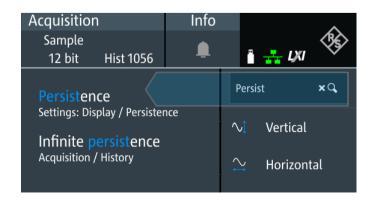
#### Quickly customize your toolbar

MXO toolbar allows fast access to the toolbar. Pick from a wide range of available tool to customize which are shown.



#### **Fast search**

MXO oscilloscopes pioneered the integration of a menu search. Simply start typing the setting you are trying to find a linked list of associated dialogs appears. Simply tap on the one you want and get instant navigation.



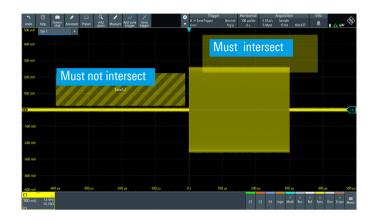
# **ZONE TRIGGER**

# GET INFINITE OSCILLOSCOPE TRIGGER TYPES WITH ZONE **TRIGGERING**

- ▶ Draw to trigger
- Trigger in the frequency domain
- ► Trigger on math waveforms

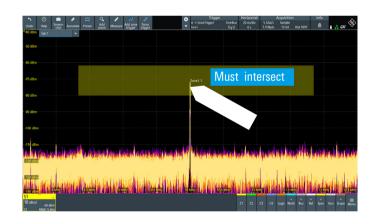
#### Draw to trigger

Use zone triggering to quickly create triggers that are impossible using traditional triggering types. Simply draw where a signal should or should not intersect. Hardware acceleration means MXO zone trigger can trigger on up to 560 000 events/s. This is an average blind time of 1.6 µs which is magnitudes smaller than other zone triggering blind time on other oscilloscopes.



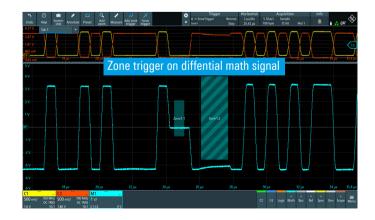
#### Trigger in the frequency domain

The Rohde & Schwarz zone trigger works in both the time domain and frequency domain or across both domains. Use zone triggering for EMI debugging to see what tones exceed a certain power level. Interestingly, zone triggering works with free run mode creating a fast 37 000 FFTs/s. With this speed quickly and easily see small details and dynamic changes that other oscilloscopes just do not show.



#### **Trigger on math waveforms**

The Rohde&Schwarz zone trigger also works on math waveforms. Trigger on power (current × voltage) or other math functions. Math triggering can be used independently or combined with zone triggering on individual sources.



# **MXO 3 Series AT A GLANCE**





- ► USB port
- ► HDMI video output
- Ethernet

#### Integrated arbitrary waveform generator

- ► 50 MHz arbitrary waveform generator
- ► Wide range of waveforms and modulation types
- Easy configuration of frequency, amplitude, offset and noise



#### **Clear orientation with color-coded LEDs**

- Color-coded keys and rotary knobs for fast correlation with signal sources
- ► Indication of currently selected channel
- ► Simple election between fine/course adjustment

#### Interface on instrument side

► MSO logic probe connectors



#### Intuitive front panel increases productivity

- ► Fast, direct access to primary instrument settings
- ► Quickly adjust settings with knobs and keys
- ► Sectional layout makes finding the right function easy

# ANALYZE SERIAL BUSES WITH PROTOCOL INNOVATION

#### **Dual-path protocol analysis**

The MXO 3 series is a breakthrough in protocol analysis. Unlike conventional oscilloscopes, our dual-path protocol analysis revolutionizes protocol packet acquisition and decoding. Dual-path protocol analysis decouples instrument sample rates for the waveform path and automatically uses the required sample rate for the decoding path. Even with very slow sample rates or under-sampled waveforms, the protocol data is correctly decoded for alias waveforms and even longer capture times.



#### Capture more data packets with deep memory

Our deep memory can capture more packets. A memory depth of up to 500 Mpoints lets the MXO 3 series capture extended time periods where cause and effect may be some distance apart. Every signal detail remains time-correlated with packet content for fast and efficient debugging.



#### **Customized display**

Condense or expand the decoded layer with the vertical and horizontal control knobs or the intuitive touchscreen. Overlay the decoded bus on the captured signal and/or display it in a separate window for greater flexibility.

Unleash the power of protocol analysis innovation with MXO 3 series oscilloscopes. Experience dual-path protocol analysis, capture more packets with deep memory and customize your display to enhance your analysis workflow. Stay ahead of the curve and optimize your serial bus analysis capabilities today.





#### Trigger and decode packages

Option	Description	Buses
R&S®MXO3-K510	low speed serial buses	I <sup>2</sup> C/SPI/UART/RS-232/RS-422/RS-485/NRZ clocked/NRZ unclocked/ custom Manchester
R&S®MXO3-K520	automotive buses	CAN/CAN FD/CAN XL/LIN/SENT
R&S®MXO3-K530	aerospace protocols	ARINC 429/MIL-STD-1553/SpaceWire
R&S®MXO3-K550	MIPI low speed protocols	SPMI/RFFE/I <sup>3</sup> C
R&S®MXO3-K560	automotive Ethernet buses	10BASE-T1S

# **LOGIC ANALYSIS**

#### **Built-in logic analysis**

Every MXO 3 series oscilloscope comes equipped with MSO logic analysis. Just add MSO probes to get 16 digital channels. Use the MSO probes across different MXO series oscilloscopes without needing a software license.

#### See precise timing relationships

The oscilloscope logic channels run at 5 Gsample/s, delivering time resolution of 200 ps. With a substantial memory depth of 125 Mpoints per channel, the sampling rate remains consistent over a large range of time base settings. Use logic triggering to isolate critical events like narrow glitches and specific pattern combinations

#### **Analyze low-speed serial buses**

In modern devices, high-speed interfaces often coexist with low-speed control or programming buses. Digital channels with the R&S®MXO3-B1 option are tailored for precisely analyzing low-speed serial protocols such as SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C. Use analog or logic channels as sources for protocol trigger and decode with the serial bus options. Gain deep insights into serial bus events by focusing on protocol details such as start, address and data. Everything is covered from built-in logic analysis to high-resolution signal capture and low-speed serial bus analysis.



# VERSATILE INTEGRATED ARBITRARY WAVEFORM GENERATOR

#### Integrated arbitrary waveform generator

Get fully a integrated 50 MHz arbitrary waveform generator with the R&S®MXO3-B6 option. The compact and configurable solution offers exceptional versatility for various applications, from hardware prototyping to classroom usage. With a sampling rate of 312.5 Msample/s and 14-bit resolution, the generator delivers reliable performance and precise control as a function or modulation generator.

#### Wide range of waveforms and modulation types

Stimulate your device under test with a diverse range of waveforms. Choose from sine, square/pulse, ramp, triangle, sine cardinal (sinc), arbitrary and noise waveforms. Easily customize the frequency, amplitude, offset and noise parameters for each waveform, tailoring the stimulus to your specific needs. Get integrated arbitrary waveform generation capabilities. Take advantage of the modulation feature to explore advanced signal variations.



R&S®MXO3-B6 arbitrary waveform generator option			
Analog output	1 channel		
Bandwidth	1 mHz to 50 MHz		
Arbitrary waveform length	1 sample to 128 ksample		
Sample rate	312.5 Msample/s		
Vertical resolution	14 bit		
Operating modes	<ul> <li>function and arbitrary waveform generator (DC, sine, square/pulse, triangle, ramp, inverse ramp, sinc, arbitrary)</li> <li>modulation (AM, FM, FSK, PWM)</li> <li>frequency sweep</li> <li>noise</li> </ul>		

# FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS WITH BODE PLOT

#### Low-frequency response analysis made easy

The R&S®MXO3-K36 frequency response analysis (FRA) option can get the job done quickly. Easily characterize the frequency response of various electronic devices, including passive filters and amplifier circuits. Precisely measure the control loop response (CLR) and power supply rejection ratio (PSRR) in switch mode power supplies.

The FRA option leverages the built-in oscilloscope waveform generator to create stimulus signals from 10 mHz to 100 MHz. By measuring the stimulus signal to output signal ratio for the device under test at each test frequency, the oscilloscope accurately plots logarithmic gain and phase for valuable insights into device behavior.

#### **Enhanced features and functionality**

#### Amplitude profile for improved SNR

The R&S®MXO3-K36 has user-configurable profiles of the amplitude output level from the generator. The signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) is optimized at different frequency ranges, ensuring high-quality CLR and PSRR measurements.

#### Improved resolution and markers support

Adjust resolution and sweep time to your specific requirements with user-configurable points per decade. Markers on the traces conveniently correlate with table entries, making it easy to determine phase and gain margin with the auto placement function.

#### Parallel display of time domain

Gain deeper insights by monitoring the time domain alongside the frequency domain. Identify distortion and errors in measurements caused by the injected signal, which may be difficult to detect with just the Bode plot.



#### Measurement result table

Quickly access comprehensive information about each measured point, including frequency, gain and phase shift with the measurement result table. Save screenshots, table results – or both – to a USB device for reporting and efficient documentation.

#### **Calibration and setup**

FRA calibration can help optimize measurement setups for greater accuracy with passive probes. The calibration data can be saved for future setup for repetitive measurements.

#### Broad probe portfolio for accurate characterization

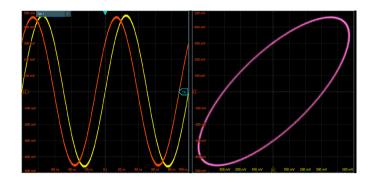
Choose the right probes for accurate CLR and PSRR characterization. The low-noise R&S®RT-ZP1X 38 MHz bandwidth 1:1 passive probe is recommended for the MXO 3 series oscilloscope. The probe minimizes attenuation errors and delivers the best SNR, even at low peak-to-peak amplitudes of V<sub>in</sub> and V<sub>out</sub>.

R&S®MXO3-K36 frequency response analysis option	
Note: R&S®MXO3-B6 is a prerequisite for FRA applications.	
Frequency range	10 mHz to 50 MHz
Amplitude mode	fixed or amplitude profile
Amplitude level	10 mV to 10 V into high Z; 5 mV to 5 V into 50 $\Omega$
Test points	10 points to 500 points per decade

# XY MODE, MASK TEST AND DIGITAL VOLTMETER

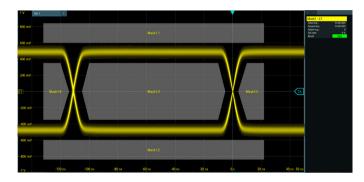
#### Hardware-accelerated XY mode

Use XY mode to quickly see the graphical relationship between two signals. Hardware-accelerated XY means you get up to 600 000 plots/s, similar or faster than analog oscilloscopes. Use XY mode to plot Lissajous and IV curves . Select any channel, math or track signals as sources to plot. Looking for an entertaining hobby? Check out oscilloscope music and oscilloscope art using XY mode and try with an MXO 3.



#### Fastest mask test

Quickly determine how well your signals conform to physical layer requirements. The instrument provides a statistical record of all waveforms that pass and/or fail the mask test. Hardware-accelerated mask testing tests up to the fastest in the industry. Mask testing support up to 4 million mask tests/s. Mask testing supports single-channel and multichannel testing.



#### **Digital voltmeter (DVM)**

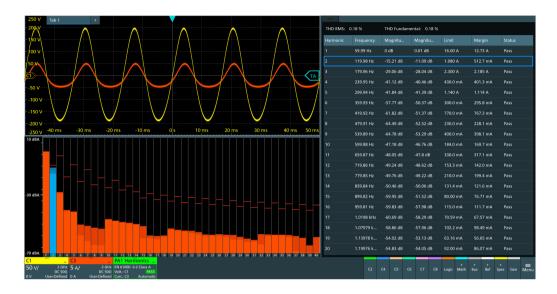
Looking for a quick check of DC values? The digital voltmeter updates even when the associated channel is turned off. Dock the results on either side or at the bottom of the display. Each per-channel DVM shares a global configurable measurement bandwidth and time period.



# **POWER ANALYSIS MADE EASY**

#### **Characterizing input power quality**

The numerous calculations required to determine the real, apparent and reactive power can make measuring AC circuit power quality a tedious affair. An oscilloscope provides a clear view of the waveform characteristics between voltage and current and lets engineers quickly identify and resolve problems. The R&S®MXO3-K31 enables power quality measurements and provides concurrent analysis of three pairs of voltage and current sources.



#### Harmonic current analysis in line with standards

AC power supplies must meet different standards for limiting the harmonic current. Identifying distortion from harmonic content can be tedious without the right tool. The R&S®MXO3-K31 includes current harmonic analysis to help test in line with all common standards. You can setup three concurrent harmonic measurements.



R&S®MXO3-K31 power analysis option				
Power quality	active, apparent and reactive power, crest factor and phase angle			
Current harmonics	THD RMS and fundamental functions, in line with EN 6100-3-2 classes A, B, C, D, MIL-STD-1399 and RTCA DO-160			
Switching loss	automated measurement for power devices identifying turn on, turn-off, conduction and non-conduction region			
Turn on/off time	measure time taken for device to transition from their on/off state to another			
More analysis functions will be added in future.				

# **CONVENIENT ACCESS**

#### **EFFICIENT INSTRUMENT INFORMATION**

#### Save results fast

Save waveforms in various file formats or download them via Ethernet or USB for later analysis with MATLAB or Excel. Continuous acquisition, analysis and transmission to a PC is possible via Ethernet.

#### Documentation at the press of a button

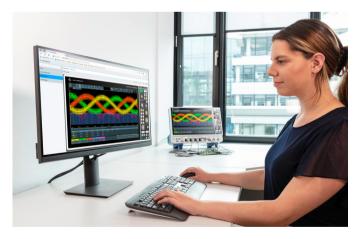
Document your measurements quickly:

- ▶ Screenshots with waveforms and results
- ▶ Reports with screenshots and instrument setup
- ▶ Clear grid annotations for easy-to-read signal characteristics
- ▶ Color-coded annotation highlights signal anomalies
- ▶ Save waveforms and measurement results in binary, XML or CSV format available for signal analysis on a PC



#### Remote control access: anytime, anywhere

Remotely control the oscilloscope and view its display on a PC or mobile device with the same user interface as on the instrument. All oscilloscope functions are also available remotely via Ethernet or USB-TMC interface. LabVIEW, VXI and Python instrument drivers are also available.



#### Language selection

The MXO 3 series user interface supports multiple languages. Switch languages in just a few seconds while the instrument is running. Available languages include English, German, Japanese, Korean, Chinese and Spanish. Searches will also work in different languages.

#### WebDAV support

You can easily access instrument data through the web distributed authoring and versioning (WebDAV) protocol to share, copy, move and edit files on the instrument with a web server. A WebDAV client can be a file transfer client or file manager such as Dolphin or Nemo in Linux, Finder in Mac OS X and File Explorer in Windows. All can access the device through IP addresses or device hostnames.

# FIRMWARE UPDATES AND SECURITY

#### Rohde & Schwarz closed-system Linux OS

MXO incorporates a closed Linux operating system for more equipment security. Created and maintained by Rohde & Schwarz, the operating system has been hardened by the company and is used across a wide range of Rohde & Schwarz instruments. No external applications nor scripts can execute enabling a highly security that works well for corporate IT teams.





#### Regular firmware updates that are free

Regular firmware update add new functionality to MXO 3 oscilloscopes. Download the latest firmware version at <a href="https://www.rohde-schwarz.com">www.rohde-schwarz.com</a>. Use a USB storage device or LAN connection for installation.





#### **Software based upgrades**

Easy-to-install software licenses upgrade memory, turn on additional serial bus trigger and decode options, enable the generator and digital channels and the frequency response analysis (Bode plot). Upgrade bandwidth via a software license.





#### Secure erase for media sanitization

Working in a high-security environment? The MXO 3 includes media sanitization procedures in line with NIST Special Publication 800-88: Guidelines for Media Sanitization. Find instructions in the MXO 3 Instrument Security Procedures document.

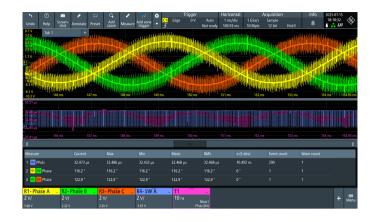




# **KEY APPLICATIONS**

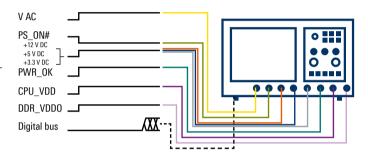
#### **Power electronics**

Combine MXO 3 with current probes, high voltage probe and/or optically isolated probes for power electronic measurements. With HD mode noise suppression, rich math and 8-channel models, the MXO 3 excels in power electronic measurements.



#### PMIC, power integrity and sequencing

With its industry-best high offset, low noise and extensive time and frequency domain capabilities, MXO 3 excels in a variety of power measurements. Combine with an R&S®RT-ZPR power rail probe for excellent power integrity measurements. Use with passive probes for power sequencing testing. Use for voltage regulator and other on-board power tests.



#### **Embedded hardware testing**

With its small form and big capabilities, MXO 3 excels at a variety of embedded hardware development test needs. This includes board bring up, hardware integration testing and software hardware integration tasks. MXO 3 provides robust capabilities for embedded hardware manufacturing and troubleshooting and repair.

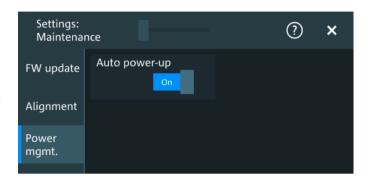


# QUIET AND SUSTAINABLE PERFORMANCE

#### **KEEP POWER CONSUMPTION IN CHECK**

#### **Reduce power consumption**

Reducing power consumption is important now and in the future. The electrical power used over the lifecycle of an electronic device can make up 90% of its CO<sub>2</sub> footprint. Minimizing power consumption reduces an oscilloscope's environmental impact. Rising energy prices make reducing power consumption essential to long-term affordability.



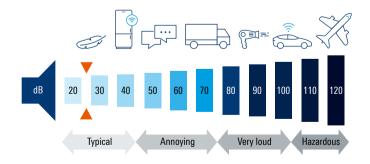
#### Remotely turn on/off your Rohde & Schwarz oscilloscope

When working remotely, keeping the unit powered in the lab 24/7 can waste a lot of energy. While remote IP controlled socket power supplies are possible, most electronic equipment will only power up to a standby state with the main power switched on. The MXO 3 provides a convenient feature that allows it to be turned on automatically as soon as electric power is switched on. By simply connecting it into a smart socket system, you can enable the option of remotely turning on the device only when you intend to use it, while keeping it powered off at other times.



#### Peace and quiet

Need a quiet space? Do loud instruments disturb others? Loud equipment? With a very low operating audible noise level, the MXO 3 series sounds like a soft whisper. You might not even notice that it's turned on.





# **EXTENSIVE PROBE PORTFOLIO**

# THE RIGHT PROBE FOR THE YOUR MEASUREMENT

MXO 3 oscilloscope comes standard with one 700 MHz passive probe for each channel. Choose from a comprehensive portfolio of high-quality passive and active probes from Rohde&Schwarz for other probe needs



#### Complete portfolio for power measurements

The portfolio of dedicated probes for power measurements includes active and passive probes for different voltage and current ranges – from  $\mu A$  to kA and from  $\mu V$  to kV. Dedicated power rail probes detect even small and sporadic distortions on DC power rails. High voltage differential probes allow isolated floating measurements.

#### High voltage differential probes

The R&S®RT-ZHD series high voltage differential probes provide an excellent common mode rejection ratio (CMRR) for a broad frequency with 200 MHz bandwidth and can safely measure up to 6000 V peak voltage. Low noise makes it an ideal probe for switching power analysis with ground reference.

#### Micro button and R&S®ProbeMeter for easy control

Our active probes feature a micro button, cleverly located on the probe tip. You can assign various functions to the micro button, such as run/stop, autoset and adjust offset to directly control the oscilloscope from the probe.

Most Rohde & Schwarz active probes come with the R&S®ProbeMeter that takes precision to a whole new level. The probes impressive accuracy of 0.1% ensures reliable and trustworthy measurements. When Rohde & Schwarz designs a probe, thermal drifts, filters and usability are usually the best overall. Make measurements a breeze and get precise results with confidence.



▶ For more information, see product brochure "Probes and accessories for Rohde & Schwarz oscilloscopes" (PD 3606.8866.12)



Passive probes included as standard (38 MHz to 700 MHz)

R&S®RT-ZP11, R&S®RT-ZP1X

Passive probes come standard with every Rohde & Schwarz oscilloscope. They are low cost, general purpose probes for a broad range of applications.



Passive broadband probes (8 GHz)

R&S®RT-ZZ80

These are an economical yet powerful alternative to active probes for measuring high speed signals on low impedance lines. They feature extremely low input capacitance, very low noise and high linearity.



Active single-ended broadband probes (1 GHz to 6 GHz)

R&S°RT-ZS10E, R&S°RT-ZS10, R&S°RT-ZS20, R&S°RT-ZS30, R&S°RT-ZS60

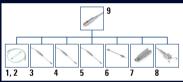
A very high dynamic range and exceptionally low offset and gain errors combined with the right accessories make these probes ideal for Rohde & Schwarz oscilloscopes.



Active differential broadband probes (1 GHz to 4.5 GHz)

R&S°RT-ZD10, R&S°RT-ZD20, R&S°RT-ZD30, R&S°RT-ZD40 and R&S°RT-ZA15 external attenuator

A flat frequency response and high input impedance with low input capacitance permit precise measurements on differential signals while maintaining a low load on the DUT. The CMMR for the entire probe bandwidth has high interference immunity.



1 R8S'RT-ZMA50; 2 R8S'RT-ZMA11; 3 R8S'RT-ZMA10; 4 R8S'RT-ZMA12; 5 R8S'RT-ZMA14; 7 R8S'RT-ZMA30; 8 R8S'RT-ZMA40; 9 R8S'RT-ZMA

# Modular broadband probes (1.5 GHz to 16 GHz)

R&S°RT-ZM15, R&S°RT-ZM30, R&S°RT-ZM60, R&S°RT-ZM90, R&S°RT-ZM130, R&S°RT-ZM160 Current probing requirements need a technically sophisticated, yet easy-to-handle solution. The various probing solutions meet the demands for high probe bandwidths and dynamic range along with the need for low capacitive load.



Power rail probes (2 GHz and 4 GHz)

R&S®RT-ZPR20, R&S®RT-ZPR40

Wide bandwidth, high sensitivity, very low noise and extra-large DC offset make these probes an excellent tool for characterizing power rails. The integrated high-precision DC voltmeter (R&S\*ProbeMeter) provides instantaneous DC voltage readout.



# High voltage probes (100 MHz to 400 MHz; ±750 V to ±6000 V) R&S\*RT-ZH03, R&S\*RT-ZH10, R&S\*RT-ZH11,

R&S°RT-ZHD07, R&S°RT-ZHD15, R&S°RT-ZHD16, R&S°RT-ZHD60 The Rohde&Schwarz portfolio of high voltage probes includes passive single-ended and active differential probes for up to 6000 V (peak). Different models allow measurements in up to CAT IV environments. Differential probes provide exceptional common mode rejection over a wide bandwidth.



## Current probes (20 kHz to 120 MHz; ±1 mA to ±2000 A)

R&S°RT-ZC02, R&S°RT-ZC03, R&S°RT-ZC05B, R&S°RT-ZC10, R&S°RT-ZC15B, R&S°RT-ZC15B, R&S°RT-ZC20B, R&S°RT-ZC30, R&S°RT-ZC31

Rohde & Schwarz current probes enable accurate, non-intrusive measurements of DC and AC currents. Different models are available to measure currents in the range from 1 mA to 2000 A with a bandwidth of up to 120 MHz. Current probes are available with the Rohde & Schwarz probe interface or a BNC connector for an external power supply.



EMC near-field probes (30 MHz to 3 GHz) R&S°HZ-15, R&S°HZ-17

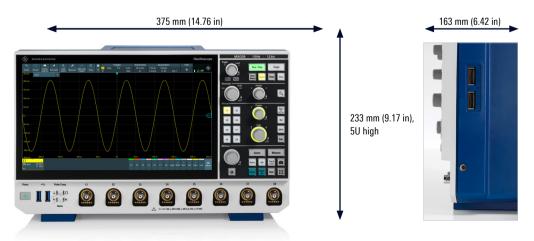
Powerful E and H near-field probes for the frequency range from 30 MHz to 3 GHz with an optional preamplifier expand the application range of the MXO 5 series oscilloscope to include EMI debugging.

# **ACCESSORIES AND RACKMOUNT**

#### Safe transport and easy rack mounting

An extensive selection of storage and transportation accessories means the MXO 3 series oscilloscopes are always fully protected and easy to transport. The rackmount kit allows easy installation of the oscilloscope in integrated environments.





# THE MXO SERIES



# **FAST AND PRECISE**

# **SPECIFICATIONS OF BASE UNIT**

nput channels		4 channels or 8 channels				
nput impedance		50 Ω ± 1.5%, 1 MΩ ± 1%    12 pF (meas.)				
nalog bandwidth (–3 dB)	MXO 34, 4-channel instrument	This I was a second				
	at 50 Ω input impedance					
	MXO 3	≥ 100 MHz				
	MXO 3 with -B242 option	≥ 200 MHz				
	MXO 3 with -B243 option	≥ 350 MHz				
	MXO 3 with -B245 option	≥ 500 MHz				
	MXO 3 with -B2410 option	≥ 1 GHz				
	at 1 MΩ input impedance					
	MXO 3	≥ 100 MHz (meas.)				
	MXO 3 with -B242 option	≥ 200 MHz (meas.)				
	MXO 3 with -B243 option	≥ 350 MHz (meas.)				
	MXO 3 with -B245 option	≥ 500 MHz (meas.) 1)				
	MXO 3 with -B2410 option	≥ 500 MHz (meas.) 1)				
	MXO 38, 8-channel instrument	2 000 101112 (111000.)				
	at 50 Ω input impedance					
	MXO 3	≥ 100 MHz				
	MXO 3 with -B282 option	≥ 100 MHz				
	MXO 3 with -B283 option	> 350 MHz				
	·	≥ 500 MHz				
	MXO 3 with -B285 option	≥ 1 GHz				
	MXO 3 with -B2810 option	≥ I GHZ				
	at 1 MΩ input impedance	100 MIL ()				
	MXO 3	≥ 100 MHz (meas.)				
	MXO 3 with -B282 option	≥ 200 MHz (meas.)				
	MXO 3 with -B283 option	≥ 350 MHz (meas.)				
	MXO 3 with -B285 option	≥ 500 MHz (meas.) 1)				
	MXO 3 with -B2810 option	≥ 500 MHz (meas.) 1)				
dditional bandwidth filters available up to strument bandwidth		500/350/200/100/50/20 MHz (meas.)				
ise/fall time (calculated)	$10\%$ to $90\%$ at $50\Omega$					
	MXO 34, 4-channel instrument					
	MXO 3	< 3.5 ns				
	MXO 3 with -B242 option	< 1.75 ns				
	MXO 3 with -B243 option	< 1 ns				
	MXO 3 with -B245 option	< 700 ps				
	MXO 3 with -B2410 option	< 350 ps				
	MXO 38, 8-channel instrument					
	MXO 3	< 3.5 ns				
	MXO 3 with -B282 option	< 1.75 ns				
	MXO 3 with -B283 option	< 1 ns				
	MXO 3 with -B285 option	< 700 ps				
	MXO 3 with -B2810 option	< 350 ps				
	220.00 6	12 bit,				
ertical resolution		up to 18 bit for high definition mode				
put sensitivity	at 50 $\Omega$	1 mV/div to 1 V/div, entire analog bandwidth supported for all inpu sensitivities				
	at 1 MΩ	1 mV/div to 10 V/div, entire analog bandwidth supported for all inpu sensitivities				
C gain accuracy	offset and position set to 0 V, after self-alignmen	nt				
	input sensitivity > 5 mV/div	±1% full scale				
	input sensitivity ≤ 5 mV/div to ≥ 1 mV/div	±1.5% full scale				
nput coupling	at 50 Ω	DC				
	at 1 MΩ	DC, AC (> 7 Hz)				

<sup>1)</sup> With R&S®RT-ZP05M passive probe.

at 1 MΩ	Vertical system: analog channels								
at 1 MΩ	Maximum input voltage				$5 \text{ V (RMS)}, 30 \text{ V (V}_{p})$				
A 1 MΩ with R&S*RT-ZP05M passive probe   Sand Arabils, see Ras*RT04M passive probe   Sand Ara				derat	derates at 20 dB/decade to 5 V (RMS) above				
Offset range at 50 Ω         input sensitivity         ±20 ∨           0 To mV/div to 1 V/div         ±3 ∨         ±250 ∨         ±20 ∨         ±2		at 1 MΩ with R&S®RT-Z	ZP05M passive pro	obe	300 \ for de Stand	/ (RMS) CAT II erating and de dard Probes sp	l; tails, see R&S®	RT-Zxx	
70 mV/div to 1 M/div to -70 mV/div	Position range				±5 di				
1 mV/div to < 70 mV/div	Offset range at 50 Ω	input sensitivity							
Tyrich to 10 V/div   1 V/div to 10 V/div   250 V		70 mV/div to 1 V/div			±20 \	/			
1 V/div to 10 V/div		1 mV/div to < 70 mV	/div		±3 V				
60 mV/div to < 1 V/div	Offset range at 1 MΩ	input sensitivity							
1 mV/div to < 60 mV/div		1 V/div to 10 V/div			±250	V			
Action		60 mV/div to < 1 V/d	iv		±30 \	/			
Offset accuracy   offset ac		1 mV/div to < 60 mV/	/div		±3 V				
DC measurement accuracy   noise using high definition (HD) mode or waveform averaging or a combination of both	Offset accuracy				0.1 d	$\pm$ (0.35 % ×  net offset  + 0.5 mV +			
Input sensitivity	DC measurement accuracy	noise using high definit	noise using high definition (HD) mode or wave-		$\pm$ (DC gain accuracy $\times$  reading – net offset  + offset accuracy)				
At 50 Ω (meas.)  Input sensitivity  Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)  100 MHz 200 MHz 350 MHz 500 MHz 136  1 mV/div 50 μV 64 μV 76 μV 83 μV 136  2 mV/div 53 μV 68 μV 81 μV 88 μV 143  5 mV/div 64 μV 78 μV 92 μV 101 μV 166  10 mV/div 156 μV 174 μV 195 μV 213 μV 371  50 mV/div 380 μV 418 μV 468 μV 516 μV 901  100 mV/div 923 μV 1.06 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01  200 mV/div 3.69 mV 3.96 mV 4.32 mV 4.75 mV 8.00  1 V/div 7.28 mV 7.82 mV 8.50 mV 9.30 mV 15.7  At 1 MΩ (meas.)  Input sensitivity  Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)  20 MHz 350 MHz 350 MHz 55 μV 65 μV 65 μ 55 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23	(each channel with same input sensitivity)	input frequency within	J J		> 60 dB (1:1000)				
1 mV/div 50 μV 64 μV 76 μV 83 μV 136 2 mV/div 53 μV 68 μV 81 μV 88 μV 143 5 mV/div 91 μV 107 μV 121 μV 133 μV 224 20 mV/div 380 μV 418 μV 488 μV 143 20 mV/div 380 μV 418 μV 488 μV 214 20 mV/div 380 μV 418 μV 468 μV 516 μV 901 100 mV/div 91 μV 107 μV 106 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01 100 mV/div 923 μV 1.06 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01 200 mV/div 3.69 mV 3.96 mV 4.32 mV 4.75 mV 8.00 1 V/div 7.28 mV 7.82 mV 8.50 mV 9.30 mV 15.7 lnput sensitivity Analog bandwidth (-3 dB) 20 mV/div 35 μV 46 μV 55 μV 66 μV 55 mV/div 35 μV 46 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 34 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 34 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 34 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 82 μV 20 mV/div 34 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 1500 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.					0 (5)				
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2 mV/div 53 μV 68 μV 81 μV 88 μV 143 5 mV/div 64 μV 78 μV 92 μV 101 μV 166 10 mV/div 91 μV 107 μV 121 μV 133 μV 224 20 mV/div 156 μV 174 μV 195 μV 213 μV 371 50 mV/div 923 μV 1.06 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01 100 mV/div 923 μV 1.06 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01 200 mV/div 3.69 mV 3.96 mV 4.32 mV 4.75 mV 8.00 1 V/div 7.28 mV 7.82 mV 8.50 mV 9.30 mV 15.7 At 1 MΩ (meas.)  Input sensitivity Analog bandwidth (-3 dB) 20 MHz 350 MHz 500 MHz 2 mV/div 35 μV 46 μV 53 μV 62 μV 65 μ 2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 47 μV 60 μV 70 μV 81 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20								1 GHz	
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10 mV/div 91 μV 107 μV 121 μV 133 μV 224 20 mV/div 156 μV 174 μV 195 μV 213 μV 371 50 mV/div 380 μV 418 μV 468 μV 516 μV 901 100 mV/div 923 μV 1.06 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01 200 mV/div 3.69 mV 3.96 mV 4.32 mV 4.75 mV 8.00 1 V/div 7.28 mV 7.82 mV 8.50 mV 9.30 mV 15.7 kt 1 MΩ (meas.)  At 1 MΩ (meas.)  Input sensitivity  Analog bandwidth (-3 dB) 20 MHz 350 MHz 500 MHz 350 μV 62 μV 65 μ 2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 10 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.								143 μV	
20 mV/div 156 μV 174 μV 195 μV 213 μV 371 50 mV/div 380 μV 418 μV 468 μV 516 μV 901 100 mV/div 923 μV 1.06 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01 200 mV/div 1.60 mV 1.76 mV 1.96 mV 2.12 mV 3.46 500 mV/div 3.69 mV 3.96 mV 4.32 mV 4.75 mV 8.00 1 V/div 7.28 mV 7.82 mV 8.50 mV 9.30 mV 15.7 At 1 MΩ (meas.)  At 1 MΩ (meas.)  Input sensitivity  Analog bandwidth (-3 dB) 20 MHz 350 MHz 500 Hz 20 MHz 350 MHz 500 Hz 350 μV 62 μV 65 μ 2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 47 μV 60 μV 70 μV 81 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21			•					166 μV	
50 mV/div   380 μV   418 μV   468 μV   516 μV   901     100 mV/div   923 μV   1.06 mV   1.20 mV   1.31 mV   2.01     200 mV/div   1.60 mV   1.76 mV   1.96 mV   2.12 mV   3.46     500 mV/div   3.69 mV   3.96 mV   4.32 mV   4.75 mV   8.00     1 V/div   7.28 mV   7.82 mV   8.50 mV   9.30 mV   15.7     At 1 MΩ (meas.)   Input sensitivity   Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)     20 MHz   100 MHz   200 MHz   350 MHz   500     1 mV/div   35 μV   46 μV   53 μV   62 μV   65 μ     2 mV/div   34 μV   48 μV   55 μV   66 μV   70 μ     5 mV/div   47 μV   60 μV   70 μV   81 μV   88 μ     10 mV/div   74 μV   88 μV   102 μV   118 μV   129     20 mV/div   138 μV   157 μV   180 μV   205 μV   226     50 mV/div   715 μV   849 μV   1.00 mV   1.13 mV   1.23     200 mV/div   1.37 mV   1.56 mV   1.79 mV   2.02 mV   2.21     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20     500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20								224 µV	
100 mV/div 923 μV 1.06 mV 1.20 mV 1.31 mV 2.01 200 mV/div 1.60 mV 1.76 mV 1.96 mV 2.12 mV 3.46 500 mV/div 3.69 mV 3.96 mV 4.32 mV 4.75 mV 8.00 1 V/div 7.28 mV 7.82 mV 8.50 mV 9.30 mV 15.7 mV 1 mput sensitivity Analog bandwidth (-3 dB) 20 MHz 100 MHz 200 MHz 350 MHz 500 1 mV/div 35 μV 46 μV 53 μV 62 μV 65 μ 2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 47 μV 60 μV 70 μV 81 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 mV/div 3.37 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20 mV/div 5.20 m						•		371 μV	
200 mV/div   1.60 mV   1.76 mV   1.96 mV   2.12 mV   3.46   500 mV/div   3.69 mV   3.96 mV   4.32 mV   4.75 mV   8.00   1 V/div   7.28 mV   7.82 mV   8.50 mV   9.30 mV   15.7   At 1 MΩ (meas.)   Input sensitivity   Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)   20 MHz   100 MHz   200 MHz   350 MHz   500   1 mV/div   35 μV   46 μV   53 μV   62 μV   65 μ   2 mV/div   34 μV   48 μV   55 μV   66 μV   70 μV   5 mV/div   47 μV   60 μV   70 μV   81 μV   88 μ   10 mV/div   74 μV   88 μV   102 μV   118 μV   129   20 mV/div   138 μV   157 μV   180 μV   205 μV   226   50 mV/div   334 μV   372 μV   422 μV   477 μV   524   100 mV/div   715 μV   849 μV   1.00 mV   1.13 mV   1.23   200 mV/div   1.37 mV   1.56 mV   1.79 mV   2.02 mV   2.21   500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   3.20 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 mV/div   4.20 mV/div   4.20 mV/div   4.20 m								901 μV	
500 mV/div   3.69 mV   3.96 mV   4.32 mV   4.75 mV   8.00 mV   1 V/div   7.28 mV   7.82 mV   8.50 mV   9.30 mV   15.7 mV   At 1 MΩ (meas.)   Input sensitivity   Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)								2.01 mV	
1 V/div 7.28 mV 7.82 mV 8.50 mV 9.30 mV 15.7 At 1 MΩ (meas.)  Input sensitivity  Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)  20 MHz 100 MHz 200 MHz 350 MHz 500  1 mV/div 35 μV 46 μV 53 μV 62 μV 65 μ  2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ  5 mV/div 47 μV 60 μV 70 μV 81 μV 88 μ  10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129  20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226  50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524  100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23  200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21  500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20								3.46 mV	
At 1 MΩ (meas.)  Input sensitivity  Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)  20 MHz								8.00 mV	
20 MHz 100 MHz 200 MHz 350 MHz 500 1 mV/div 35 μV 46 μV 53 μV 62 μV 65 μ 2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 47 μV 60 μV 70 μV 81 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20	A. 1 NAO ()					8.50 mv	9.30 mv	15.77 mV	
1 mV/div 35 μV 46 μV 53 μV 62 μV 65 μ 2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 47 μV 60 μV 70 μV 81 μV 129 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20	At Tivisz (meas.)	input sensitivity				200 MILL	OFO MILL	EOO MILI-	
2 mV/div 34 μV 48 μV 55 μV 66 μV 70 μ 5 mV/div 47 μV 60 μV 70 μV 81 μV 88 μ 10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20		1 \ //!: .						500 MHz	
5 mV/div       47 μV       60 μV       70 μV       81 μV       88 μ         10 mV/div       74 μV       88 μV       102 μV       118 μV       129         20 mV/div       138 μV       157 μV       180 μV       205 μV       226         50 mV/div       334 μV       372 μV       422 μV       477 μV       524         100 mV/div       715 μV       849 μV       1.00 mV       1.13 mV       1.23         200 mV/div       1.37 mV       1.56 mV       1.79 mV       2.02 mV       2.21         500 mV/div       3.37 mV       3.76 mV       4.23 mV       4.77 mV       5.20									
10 mV/div 74 μV 88 μV 102 μV 118 μV 129 20 mV/div 138 μV 157 μV 180 μV 205 μV 226 50 mV/div 334 μV 372 μV 422 μV 477 μV 524 100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20									
20 mV/div   138 μV   157 μV   180 μV   225 μV   226 50 mV/div   334 μV   372 μV   422 μV   477 μV   524   100 mV/div   715 μV   849 μV   1.00 mV   1.13 mV   1.23   200 mV/div   1.37 mV   1.56 mV   1.79 mV   2.02 mV   2.21   500 mV/div   3.37 mV   3.76 mV   4.23 mV   4.77 mV   5.20 m									
50 mV/div       334 μV       372 μV       422 μV       477 μV       524         100 mV/div       715 μV       849 μV       1.00 mV       1.13 mV       1.23         200 mV/div       1.37 mV       1.56 mV       1.79 mV       2.02 mV       2.21         500 mV/div       3.37 mV       3.76 mV       4.23 mV       4.77 mV       5.20									
100 mV/div 715 μV 849 μV 1.00 mV 1.13 mV 1.23 200 mV/div 1.37 mV 1.56 mV 1.79 mV 2.02 mV 2.21 500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20			·					226 μV 524 μV	
200 mV/div       1.37 mV       1.56 mV       1.79 mV       2.02 mV       2.21         500 mV/div       3.37 mV       3.76 mV       4.23 mV       4.77 mV       5.20								1.23 mV	
500 mV/div 3.37 mV 3.76 mV 4.23 mV 4.77 mV 5.20								2.21 mV	
								5.20 mV	
1 V/GiV 7.00 IIIV 0.20 IIIV 3.70 IIIV 11.10 IIIV 12.0								12.05 mV	
2 V/div 13.78 mV 15.70 mV 18.04 mV 20.40 mV 22.3								22.39 mV	
								52.09 mV	
								104.25 mV	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> HD mode active for bandwidth  $\leq$  500 MHz.

Vertical system: digital channels		
Input channels		16 logic channels (D0 to D15)
Arrangement of input channels		arranged in two logic probes with 8 channels each, assignment of the logic probes to the channels (D0 to D7 and D8 to D15) is displayed on the probe
Input impedance		$100 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 2\% \parallel \sim 4 \text{ pF (meas.)}$ at probe tips
Maximum input frequency	signal with minimum input voltage swing and hysteresis setting: "normal"	300 MHz (meas.)
Maximum input voltage		$\pm 40$ V (V $_{p}$ ); 32 V (RMS), derates to 7 V (RMS) with 20 dB/decade at frequencies above 25 MI
Minimum input voltage swing		500 mV (V <sub>pp</sub> ) (meas.)
Threshold groups		D0 to D3, D4 to D7, D8 to D11 and D12 to D15
Threshold level	range	±8 V in 25 mV steps
	predefined	CMOS 5.0 V, CMOS 3.3 V, CMOS 2.5 V, TTL, ECL, PECL, LVPECL
Threshold accuracy	threshold level between ±4 V	±(100 mV + 3% of threshold setting)
Comparator hysteresis		normal, robust, maximum
Horizontal system		
Timebase range		selectable between 200 ps/div and 10 000 s/div time per div settable to any value within range
Deskew range (channel deskew)	between analog channels	±20 ms
	between digital channels	±100 ns
Reference position		0% to 100% of measurement display area
Horizontal position range (trigger offset range)	max.	+(memory depth/current sampling rate)
	min.	-5000 s
Modes		normal, roll
Channel-to-channel skew	between analog channels	< 100 ps (meas.)
	between digital channels	< 500 ps (meas.)
Timebase accuracy	after delivery/calibration, at +23°C	±2.5 ppm
Delta time accuracy	during calibration interval  corresponds to time error between two edges on same acquisition and channel; signal amplitude greater than 5 divisions, measurement threshold set to 50%, vertical gain 10 mV/div or greater; rise time lower than four sample periods; waveform acquired in real-time mode	±3.5 ppm  ±(0.20/real-time sampling rate + timebase accuracy ×  reading ) (peak) (meas.)
Acquisition system		
Sampling rate	analog channels (real time)	5.0
	MXO 34	max. 5 Gsample/s on 2 channels, max. 2.5 Gsample/s on 4 channels
	MYO 38	max. 5 Gsample/s on 4 channels,

Acquisition system		
Sampling rate	analog channels (real time)	
	MXO 34	max. 5 Gsample/s on 2 channels, max. 2.5 Gsample/s on 4 channels
	MXO 38	max. 5 Gsample/s on 4 channels, max. 2.5 Gsample/s on 8 channels
	analog channels (interpolated)	max. 5 Tsample/s
	digital channels	max. 5 Gsample/s on each channel
Waveform acquisition rate	max.	> 4500000 waveforms/s
Trigger rearm time	min.	< 21 ns
Memory depth <sup>3)</sup>	standard	125 Mpoints
	R&S®MXO34-B105 option	500 Mpoints with 4 active channels (single capture), 500 Mpoints with 2 active channels (run continuous)
	R&S®MXO38-B105 option	500 Mpoints with 8 active channels (single capture), 500 Mpoints with 4 active channels (run continuous)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> The maximum available memory depth depends on the bit depth of the acquired data and, therefore, on the settings of the acquisition system, such as decimation mode, waveform arithmetic or high definition mode.

Acquisition system					
Acquisition modes	sample	middle sample in decimation interval			
	peak detect	largest and smallest sample in decimation interval			
	average	average of acquired waveforms			
	number of averaged waveforms	2 to 16777215			
	envelope	envelope of acquired waveforms			
Sampling modes	real-time mode	max. sampling rate set by digitizer			
Camping modes	interpolated time	enhancement of sampling resolution by interpo- lation; max. sampling rate is 5 Tsample/s			
Interpolation modes		linear, sin(x)/x, sample&hold			
Fast segmentation mode	continuous recording of waveforms in acc	quisition memory without interruption due to visualization			
	max. real-time waveform acquisition rate > 4600000 waveforms/s				
	min. blind time between consecutive acquisitions	< 21 ns			
High definition mode					
ingii deiiiittoii iiiode	The high definition mode increases the bit	resolution of the waveform signal by using digital filter-			
General description	<u> </u>	the digital trigger concept of the MXO 3, signals with			
Numeric resolution	bandwidth, at 5 Gsample/s	bit resolution			
	1 kHz to 10 MHz	18 bit			
	100 MHz	16 bit			
	200 MHz	15 bit			
	500 MHz	14 bit			
	300 IVII IZ	max. 5 Gsample/s on 2 channels,			
Real-time sampling rate	MXO 34	max. 2.5 Gsample/s on 4 channels			
	MXO 38	max. 5 Gsample/s on 4 channels, max. 2.5 Gsample/s on 8 channels			
Trigger system					
Trigger sources		analog channels (C1 to C4), digital channels (D0 to D15), external trigger input, line trigger, serial bus			
Trigger level range		±5 div from center of screen			
Trigger modes		auto, normal, single, n single			
Trigger sensitivity		0.0001 div, from DC to instrument bandwidth for all vertical scales			
Trigger jitter	full-scale sine wave of frequency set to -3 dB bandwidth	< 1 ps (RMS) (meas.)			
Coupling mode	standard	same as selected channel			
	HF reject	cutoff frequency selectable from 1 kHz to 500 MHz			
	LF reject	attenuates frequencies < 50 kHz			
Trigger hysteresis	modes	auto (default setting) or manual			
00. /	adjustment resolution	0.0001 div, from DC to instrument bandwidth for all vertical scales			
Holdoff range	time	100 ns to 10 s, fixed and random			
Main trigger modes					
Edge	triggers on specified edge (positive, negat	ive or either) and level			
Glitch		r either polarity that are shorter or longer than specified			
	glitch width	200 ps to 1000 s			
Width	5	pecified width; width can be shorter, longer, inside or out-			
Runt	pulse width triggers on pulse of positive, negative or e a second threshold before crossing the fir longer, inside or outside a specified range				
Window	triggers when signal enters or exits a spec	runt pulse width 200 ps to 1000 s triggers when signal enters or exits a specified voltage range; triggers also when signal stays insid			
- * *	or outside the voltage range for a specifie	or outside the voltage range for a specified period of time triggers when signal stays high, low or unchanged for a specified period of time			
Timeout					

Trigger system				
Interval	longer, inside or outside a specified range	edges of same slope (positive or negative) is shorter,		
	interval time	200 ps to 1000 s		
Slew rate				
	toggle time	0 ps to 1000 s		
Setup & hold	channels; monitored time interval may be spec	triggers on setup time and hold time violations between clock and data present on any two input channels; monitored time interval may be specified by the user in the range from –100 s to 100 s around a clock edge and must be at least 200 ps wide		
Pattern		triggers when a logical combination (and, nand, or, nor) of the input channels stays true for a period of time shorter, longer, inside or outside a specified range		
State		triggers when a logical combination (and, nand, or, nor) of the input channels stays true at a slope (positive, negative or either) in one selected channel		
Advanced trigger modes				
Zone trigger	triggers on user-defined zones drawn on the di	isplay		
	source	acquired waveforms (input channels), math waveforms (including power analysis wave- forms), spectrum waveforms, XY plots		
	number of zones/areas	up to 4 zones with up to 8 areas each		
	area shapes	polygons with up to 16 points		
	area types	must intersect, must not intersect		
	combination of zones	logical combination of zones of multiple sources using Boolean expressions		
	trigger compatibility	requires sequence trigger A ▷ zone trigger where primary A condition can be: edge, glitch, width, runt, window, timeout, interval, slew rate, setup &hold, state, pattern		
Sequence trigger (A/B/R trigger)		triggers on B event after occurrence of A event; delay condition after A event specified as time interval; an optional R event resets the trigger sequence to A		
	A event	edge, glitch, width, runt, window, timeout, interval, slew rate		
	B event	edge, glitch, width, runt, window, timeout, interval, slew rate		
	R event	edge, glitch, width, runt, window, timeout, interval, slew rate		
Serial bus trigger	optional	see dedicated triggering and decoding options		
Trigger input	input impedance	50 $\Omega$ (meas.) or 1 M $\Omega$ (meas.)    11 pF (meas.)		
	max. input voltage at 50 $\Omega$	30 V (V <sub>p</sub> )		
	max. input voltage at 1 $M\Omega$	300 V (RMS), 400 V ( $V_p$ ), derates at 20 dB/decade to 5 V (RMS) above 250 kHz		
	trigger level	±5 V		
	sensitivity			
	input frequency ≤ 100 MHz	300 mV (V <sub>pp</sub> ) (meas.)		
	input frequency > 100 MHz and ≤ 500 MHz	500 mV (V <sub>pp</sub> ) (meas.)		
	input coupling	AC, DC (50 $\Omega$ and 1 M $\Omega$ )		
	trigger filter	HF reject (attenuates > 50 kHz), LF reject (attenuates < 50 kHz), noise reject		
	trigger modes	edge (positive, negative or either)		
Trigger output	functionality	A pulse is generated for each event triggering signal acquisition.		
	output voltage	0 V to 5 V (nom.) at high impedance; 0 V to 2.5 V (nom.) at 50 $\Omega$		
	pulse width	selectable between 16 ns and 50 ms		
	pulse polarity	low active or high active		
	output delay	depends on trigger settings		

Spectrum analysis				
General description	Spectrum analysis allows signal analysis in the frequency domain.			
Spectrum	sources channel 1 to channel 4, math waveform reference waveforms			
	setup parameters	center frequency, frequency span, resolution bandwidth (automatic or manual), gate position, gate width, vertical scaling, vertical position		
	scaling	dBm, dBV, dBμV, V (RMS)		
	span	1 Hz to 1.2 GHz <sup>4)</sup>		
	resolution bandwidth (RBW) span/4 ≥ RBW ≥ span/6000			
	windows flat top, Hanning, Hamming, Blackr rectangular, Kaiser Bessel, Gaussiar			
	trace types normal, max. hold, min. hold, avera			
	max. real-time waveform acquisition rate > 40 000 waveforms/s			
Gate	delimits the display region used for spectrum analysis			
Peak list	The values in the peak list are also shown in the diagram to allow easy correlation.			

RF characteristics		
Sensitivity/noise density	at 1 GHz (measurement of the power spectral density at 1 GHz at input sensitivity 2 mV/div, corresponding to –30 dBm input range of the oscilloscope, using spectrum analysis with center frequency 1 GHz, span 500 kHz, RBW 3 kHz)	
Noise figure	at 1 GHz (calculated based on the noise power density above)	16 dB (meas.)
Dynamic range	measured for a 1 GHz input carrier with level  –3 dBm at input of oscilloscope, using spectrum analysis with center frequency 1 GHz, span 2 MHz, RBW 400 Hz at +20 MHz from center frequency	106 dB (meas.)
Absolute amplitude accuracy	0 Hz to 800 MHz	±1 dB (meas.)
Spurious-free dynamic range (excluding harmonics)	measured for a 250 MHz input carrier and level –3 dBm at input sensitivity 50 mV/div, using spectrum analysis with center frequency 600 MHz, span 1.2 GHz, RBW 300 kHz	65 dBc (meas.)
Second harmonic distortion	measured for a 250 MHz input carrier and level –3 dBm at input sensitivity 50 mV/div, using spectrum analysis with center frequency 600 MHz, span 1.2 GHz, RBW 300 kHz	–59 dBc (meas.)
Third harmonic distortion	measured for a 250 MHz input carrier and level –3 dBm at input sensitivity 50 mV/div, using spectrum analysis with center frequency 600 MHz, span 1.2 GHz, RBW 300 kHz	-60 dBc (meas.)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 4)}}$  The stop frequency depends on the analog bandwidth of the instrument.

Waveform measurements			
Automatic measurements	measurements on acquired waveforms (input channels), math waveforms, reference waveforms	amplitude, high, low, maximum, minimum, peak-to-peak, mean, RMS, sigma, positive over shoot, negative overshoot, area, rise time, fall time, positive pulse width, negative pulse width period, frequency, positive duty cycle, negative duty cycle, delay, phase, burst width, pulse count, edge count, pulse train, positive switching, negative switching, cycle area, cycle mean cycle RMS, cycle sigma, setup, hold, setup/hold time, setup/hold ratio, slew rate rising, slew rate falling, delay to trigger	
	gate	delimits the display region evaluated for automatic measurements	
	reference levels	user-configurable vertical levels define support structures for automatic measurements	
	statistics	displays maximum, minimum, mean, standard deviation and measurement count for each automatic measurement	
	track	measurement results displayed as continuous trace that is time-correlated to the measuremen source	
	number of active measurements	16	
	result line annotation		
Cursor measurements	available cursors	up to two cursor sets on screen, each set with two horizontal and two vertical cursors	
	target waveforms	acquired waveforms (input channels), math waveforms, reference waveforms, XY diagrams vertical measurements, horizontal measure-	
	operating modes	ments, or both; vertical cursors either set manually or locked to waveform	
Waveform math			
General features	number of math equations	up to 8	
	number of reference waveforms	up to 8	
	sources	channel 1, channel 2, channel 3, channel 4, channel 5, channel 6, channel 7, channel 8, mat waveforms 1 to 8, reference waveforms 1 to 8	
Functions	operators	add, subtract, multiply, divide, absolute value, square, square root, integrate, differentiate, log <sub>1</sub> log <sub>2</sub> , reciprocal, invert, low pass, high pass rescale (a * x+b)	
	filter	low pass, high pass	
	filter types	Gaussian, rectangular	
	gate	delimits the display region used for waveform math	
Digital voltmeter			
Accuracy		related to channel settings of voltmeter source	
Measurements		DC, DC RMS, AC RMS	
Sources		C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8	
Number of measurements		up to 4	
Resolution		up to 6 digits	
Bandwidth		up to 20 MHz	
Display characteristics			
Diagram types	Yt, XY, zoom, spectrum		
Display configuration (waveform layout)	The display area can be split into separate diagram areas by dragging and dropping signal icons. Each diagram area can hold any number of signals. Diagrams can be stacked on top of each other and later accessed via dynamic tabs (Tab 1, etc.).		
Signal icons	Each active waveform is represented by a signal icon on the signal bar; the signal icon displays the individual vertical and acquisition settings.		
Toolbar	enables quick access to important tools; allows to set the most common parameters directly in a simple menu and gives access to more detailed parameters in the main menu; user-defined selection of tools in the toolbar		

Display characteristics				
Upper menu bar	displays trigger, horizontal and acqui	displays trigger, horizontal and acquisition system settings; allows quick access to these settings		
Main menu	provides access to all instrument set	tings in a compact menu structure	Э	
Axis label	The x-axis and y-axis are labeled with	values and physical unit.		
Diagram label	Diagrams can be individually labeled	with a descriptive, user-defined n	ame.	
Diagram layout	The grid, crosshair, axis labeling and	diagram labeling can be switched	on and off separately.	
Persistence	50 ms to 50 s, or infinite			
Zoom	vertical and horizontal; touch interfac	e simplifies resize and drag opera	tions on zoom window	
Signal colors (waveform coding)	predefined or user-defined color table	es for persistence display		
History and segmented memory				
Acquisition memory	automatic	automatic setting or rate	automatic setting of segment size and sample rate	
	manual	user-defined setting rate	g of segment size and sampl	
Memory segmentation	function	memory segments	for the acquisition	
	number of segments	record length	segments <sup>5)</sup> (up to)	
		1 kpoint	1 048 575	
		2 kpoints	524287	
		5 kpoints	262 143	
		10 kpoints	131 071	
		20 kpoints	65 535	
		50 kpoints	32767	
		100 kpoints	16383	
		200 kpoints	9361	
		500 kpoints	4095	
		1 Mpoint	2113	
		2 Mpoints	1056	
		5 Mpoints	427	
		10 Mpoints	213	
		20 Mpoints	106	
		50 Mpoints	41	
		100 Mpoints	20	
		200 Mpoints	9	
		400 Mpoints	4	
		500 Mpoints	3	
	Segmentation is available on all analogues analysis.	og and logic channels, protocol de	ecoding and spectrum	
Fast-segmented mode		continuous recording of waveforms in acquisition memory without interruption due to visualization blind time between consecutive acquisitions, see Acquisition system		
History mode	function	provides access to mented memory	provides access to past acquisitions in the segmented memory	
	timestamp resolution	1 ns		
	history player	sible; adjustable sp	replays the recorded waveforms; repetition pos- sible; adjustable speed; manual next/previous segment; numerical segment number input	
		segment, numenta	1 209ment number input	

Mask testing		
Test definition	number of masks	up to 8 simultaneously
	source	acquired waveforms (input channels), math waveforms, reference waveforms, spectrum waveforms, XY plots
	fail condition	waveform hit
	test rate	up to 4 million waveforms/s
	action on error	acquisition stop, beep, save waveform, pulse on trigger out

analyze options

overlay all segments, average all segments,

envelope all segments

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> With R&S®MXO3-B105 memory option. The maximum number of segments depends on the number of active channels and the bit resolution of the acquired data and, therefore, on the acquisition system settings such as decimation mode, use of waveform arithmetics or high definition (HD) mode. The maximum number of segments without R&S®MXO3-B105 memory option is limited to 10 000.

Mask testing		
Mask definition with segments	number of segments per mask test	up to 8
	segment definition	array of at least 3 points defines an inner region
Result statistics	category	total completed acquisition, failed acquisition, passed acquisition, fail rate, overall test result (pass/fail)
Visualization options	waveform style	vectors, dots
	mask colors	predefined colors for mask without violation (translucent gray), mask with violation (translucent red)
Miscellaneous		
Remote control	web interface	full operation of the instrument's touch interface keys and multifunction wheel via web browser
	VNC	control of the instrument through virtual networ computing
	SCPI	standard instrument programming interface through VISA
Languages	available languages for the user interface	English, German, French, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, Japanese, Russian, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese, Korean, Czech, Polish
	online help on the instrument	English
Input and output		
Front		
Channel inputs		BNC; for details, see Vertical system
	probe interface	auto detection of passive probes, Rohde&Schwarz active probe interface
Digital channel inputs	D15 to D8, D7 to D0	interface for R&S®RT-ZL03X logic probe
Probe compensation output	signal shape	rectangle, $V_{low} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{high} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ amplitude 3.3 V ( $V_{pp}$ ) $\pm$ 5% (meas.)
	frequency	1 kHz ± 1% (meas.)
Demo P1	analog signal output for demo apps	$V_p \le \pm 5 \text{ V (meas.)}$
Demo P2	digital signal output demo apps	$V_p \le 3.3 \text{ V (meas.)}$
USB interface		2 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports, type A plug
Rear		
Trigger input		BNC; for details, see Trigger system
Trigger out		BNC; for details, see Trigger system
Waveform generator output (requires R&S®MXO3-B6 option)		BNC; for details, see R&S®MXO3-B6 option
USB interface		1 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 port, type B plug
LAN interface		RJ-45 connector, supports 10/100/1000BASE-T, LXI compliant
External monitor interface		HDMI, 1920 x 1080 pixel at 60 Hz, output of oscilloscope display
Security slot		for standard Kensington style lock
VESA mount		VESA compatibility mounting interface, $100 \text{ mm} \times 100 \text{ mm}$ pattern size
Right side		
Ground jack		connected to ground

The terms HDMI and HDMI High-Definition Multimedia Interface, and the HDMI Logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of HDMI Licensing, LLC in the United States and other countries.

General data		
Display	type	11.6" LC TFT color display with capacitive
	resolution	touchscreen 1920 × 1080 pixel (Full HD)
Temperature	resolution	1320 x 1000 pixei (i dii HD)
Temperature range	operating temperature range	0°C to +45°C
	storage temperature range	-40°C to +70°C
		in line with MIL-PRF-28800F section 4.5.5.1.1.1 class 3 tailored to $\pm 45^{\circ}\text{C}$ for operation
Climatic resistance	damp heat	+25°C/+45°C at 95 % relative humidity cyclic, in line with IEC 60068-2-30
Altitude		
Operating		up to 3000 m above sea level
Nonoperating Mechanical resistance		up to 4600 m above sea level
Vibration	sinusoidal	5 Hz to 150 Hz, max. 1.8 g at 55 Hz; 0.5 g from 55 Hz to 150 Hz, in line with EN 60068-2-6
		10 Hz to 55 Hz, in line with MIL-PRF-28800F, section 4.5.5.3.2 class 3
	random	8 Hz to 500 Hz, acceleration 1.2 g (RMS), in line with EN 60068-2-64
		5 Hz to 500 Hz, acceleration 2.058 g (RMS), in line with MIL-PRF-28800F, section 4.5.5.3.1 class 3
Shock		40 g shock spectrum, in line with MIL-STD-810G, method no. 516.6, procedure I
		30 g functional shock, halfsine, duration 11 ms, in line with MIL-PRF-28800F, section 4.5.5.4.1
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)		
RF emissions		in line with CISPR 11/EN55011 group 1, class A (for a shielded test setup); the instrument complies with the emission requirements stipulated by EN55011, EN61326-1 and EN61326-2-1 class A, making the instrument suitable for use in industrial environments
Immunity		in line with IEC/EN 61326-1 table 2, immunity test requirements for industrial environment <sup>6)</sup>
Certifications		VDE, <sub>c</sub> CSA <sub>us</sub> , KC
Calibration interval		1 year
Power supply		100 V to 240 V ±10 % at
AC supply		50 Hz to 60 Hz and 400 Hz ±5%, max. 2.8 A to 1.8 A, in line with MIL-PRF 28800F, section 3.5
Power consumption	maximum	280 W
Safety		in line with IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1, UL 61010-1
Mechanical data		
Dimensions	$W \times H \times D$	375 mm × 233 mm × 163 mm (14.76 in × 9.17 in × 6.42 in)
Weight	without options, nominal	4.0 kg (8.82 lb)
Rackmount height	with R&S°ZZA-MXO3 rackmount kit	5 HU

 $<sup>^{6)}\,\,</sup>$  Test criterion is displayed noise level within  $\pm 1$  div for input sensitivity of 5 mV/div.

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Designation	Туре	Order No.
Choose your base model		
Oscilloscope, 100 MHz, 4 channels	MXO 34	1335.2050.04
scilloscope, 100 MHz, 8 channels	MXO 38	1335.2050.08
ase unit (including standard accessories: 500 MHz passive probe (10:1) per channel, accessories bag	a, quick start quide, po	
hoose your bandwidth upgrade	5, 1 5 -, 1 -	
pgrade of MXO 34 to 200 MHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B242	1335.2221.02
Ipgrade of MXO 34 to 350 MHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B243	1335.2244.02
Jpgrade of MXO 34 to 500 MHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B245	1335.2267.02
Jpgrade of MXO 34 to 1 GHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B2410	1335.2280.02
pgrade of MXO 38 to 200 MHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B282	1335.2815.02
Ipgrade of MXO 38 to 350 MHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B283	1335.2821.02
Jpgrade of MXO 38 to 500 MHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B285	1335.2838.02
Jpgrade of MXO 38 to 1 GHz bandwidth	R&S®MXO3-B2810	1335.2844.02
Choose your options	1100 1111100 11110	100012011102
Aixed signal options  Mixed signal option for MXO 3 series with 16 digital channels	R&S®MXO3-B1	1335.2073.02
Arbitrary waveform generator, 50 MHz, 1 analog channel	R&S®MXO3-B6	1335.2850.02
Memory upgrade to 500 Mpoints	R&S®MXO3-B105	1335.3105.02
ower analysis	R&S®MXO3-K31	1335.2880.02
requency response analysis	R&S®MXO3-K36	1335.2896.02
ow speed serial buses	TIGO IVIAOU-IAOU	1000.2000.02
<sup>2</sup> C/QuadSPI/SPI/UART/RS-232/RS-422/RS-485/NRZ clocked/NRZ unclocked/custom Manchester)	R&S®MXO3-K510	1335.2867.02
utomotive protocols (CAN/CAN FD/CAN XL/LIN/SENT)	R&S®MXO3-K520	1335.2873.02
erospace protocols (ARINC 429/MIL-STD-1553/SpaceWire)	R&S®MXO3-K530	1335.2996.02
/IPI low speed protocols (SPMI/RFFE/I³C)	R&S®MXO3-K550	1335.5214.02
Automotive Ethernet protocols (10BASE-T1S)	R&S®MXO3-K560	1335.5943.02
R&S°ScopeStudio Software	R&S®MXO-PC	1801.9005.02
R&S°ScopeStudio Protocol Decode Option	R&S®MXO-PC-K1	1804.8874.02
Application bundle, consists of the following options: R&S®MXO3-B6, R&S®MXO3-B105, R&S®MXO3-K31, R&S®MXO3-K36, R&S®MXO3-K510, R&S®MXO3-K520, R&S®MXO3-K530, R&S®MXO3-K550, R&S®MXO3-K560	R&S®MXO3-PK1	1335.2909.02
Choose your additional probes		
ingle-ended passive probes		
700 MHz, 10 MΩ, 10:1, 400 V, 9.5 pF, 2.5 mm	R&S®RT-ZP11	1803.0005.02
i00 MHz, 10 MΩ, 10:1, 400 V, 9.5 pF, 2.5 mm	R&S®RT-ZP10	1409.7550.00
:00 MHz, 10 MΩ, 10:1, 300 V, 10 pF, 5 mm	R&S®RT-ZP05S	1333.2401.02
8 MHz, 1 MΩ, 1:1, 55 V, 39 pF, 2.5 mm	R&S®RT-ZP1X	1333.1370.02
Active broadband probes: single-ended		
.0 GHz, active, 1 MΩ, Rohde&Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZS10E	1418.7007.02
.0 GHz, active, 1 MΩ, R&S°ProbeMeter, micro button, Rohde&Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZS10	1410.4080.02
.5 GHz, active, 1 MΩ, R&S®ProbeMeter, micro button, Rohde & Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZS20	1410.3502.02
active broadband probes: differential		
.0 GHz, active, differential, 1 MΩ, R&S°ProbeMeter, micro button, incl. 10:1 external attenuator, MΩ, 60 V DC, 42.4 V AC (peak), Rohde&Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZD10	1410.4715.02
.5 GHz, active, differential, 1 MΩ, R&S®ProbeMeter, micro button, Rohde&Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZD20	1410.4409.02
ower rail probe		
.0 GHz, 1:1, 50 kΩ, ±0.85 V, ±60 V offset, Rohde&Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZPR20	1800.5006.02
ligh voltage probes: passive		
50 MHz, 100:1, 100 MΩ, 850 V, 6.5 pF	R&S®RT-ZH03	1333.0873.02
.00 MHz, 100:1, 50 MΩ, 1000 V, 7.5 pF	R&S®RT-ZH10	1409.7720.02
	R&S®RT-ZH11	1409.7737.02
.00 MHz 1000:1 50 MQ 1000 V 7.5 pF	III ZIIII	1 100.7707.02
·		
ligh voltage probes: differential	R&S®RT-7HD07	1800 2307 02
ligh voltage probes: differential 200 MHz, 250:1/25:1, 5 MΩ, 750 V (peak), 300 V CAT III, Rohde&Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZHD07	1800.2307.02
400 MHz, 1000:1, 50 MΩ, 1000 V, 7.5 pF  High voltage probes: differential  200 MHz, 250:1/25:1, 5 MΩ, 750 V (peak), 300 V CAT III, Rohde & Schwarz probe interface  100 MHz, 500:1/50:1, 10 MΩ, 1500 V (peak), 1000 V CAT III, Rohde & Schwarz probe interface  200 MHz, 500:1/50:1, 10 MΩ, 1500 V (peak), 1000 V CAT III, Rohde & Schwarz probe interface	R&S°RT-ZHD07 R&S°RT-ZHD15 R&S°RT-ZHD16	1800.2307.02 1800.2107.02 1800.2207.02

Designation Ty	Гуре	Order No.
Current probes		
20 kHz, AC/DC, 0.01 V/A and 0.001 V/A, ±200 A and ±2000 A, BNC interface	R&S®RT-ZC02	1333.0850.02
100 kHz, AC/DC, 0.1 V/A, 30 A, BNC interface	R&S®RT-ZC03	1333.0844.02
2 MHz, AC/DC, 0.01 V/A, 500 A (RMS), Rohde & Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZC05B	1409.8204.02
10 MHz, AC/DC, 0.01 V/A, 150 A (RMS), BNC interface	R&S®RT-ZC10	1409.7750.02
10 MHz, AC/DC, 0.01 V/A, 150 A (RMS), Rohde & Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZC10B	1409.8210.02
50 MHz, AC/DC, 0.1 V/A, 30 A (RMS), Rohde&Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZC15B	1409.8227.02
100 MHz, AC/DC, 0.1 V/A, 30 A (RMS), BNC interface	R&S®RT-ZC20	1409.7766.02
100 MHz, AC/DC, 0.1 V/A, 30 A (RMS), Rohde & Schwarz probe interface	R&S®RT-ZC20B	1409.8233.02
120 MHz, AC/DC, 1 V/A, 5 A (RMS), BNC interface	R&S®RT-ZC30	1409.7772.02
EMC near-field probe		
Probe set for E and H near-field measurements, 30 MHz to 3 GHz	R&S®HZ-15	1147.2736.02
Logic probe 1)		
300 MHz logic probe, 8 channels	R&S®RT-ZL03X	1335.3005.02
Probe accessories		
Accessory set for R&S®RT-ZP10/-ZP11 passive probe (2.5 mm probe tip)	R&S®RT-ZA1	1409.7566.02
Probe power supply for R&S®RT-ZC10/-ZC20/-ZC30	R&S®RT-ZA13	1409.7789.02
External attenuator 10:1, 2.0 GHz, 1.3 pF, 60 V DC, 42.4 V AC (peak), for R&S°RT-ZD20/-ZD30 probes Recommendation of the comments of the comme	R&S®RT-ZA15	1410.4744.02
Probe pouch for the logic probes	R&S®RT-ZA19	1335.7875.02
Power deskew and calibration test fixture Re	R&S®RT-ZF20	1800.0004.02
3D positioner with central tensioning knob for easy clamping and positioning of probes (span width: 200 mm, clamping range: 15 mm)	R&S®RT-ZA1P	1326.3641.02
Choose your accessories		
•	R&S®MXO3-Z1	1335.1902.02
1.0	R&S®MXO3-Z3	1335.1919.02
	R&S®MXO3-Z4	1335.1925.02
	R&S®77A-MXO3	1335.2715.02
	Choose industry standard	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 1)}}$  The R&S°MXO5-B1 mixed signal option contains two R&S°RT-ZL04 logic probes.

# **OSCILLOSCOPE PORTFOLIO**









		to by more (Tay Toy ( by Toy)		
	R&S®RTH1000	R&S®RTC1000	R&S®RTB 2	MXO 3
Vertical system				
Bandwidth 1)	60/100/200/350/500 MHz	50/70/100/200/300 MHz	70/100/200/300 MHz	100/200/350/500 MHz/1 GHz
Number of channels	2 plus DMM/4	2	2/4	4/8
Vertical resolution; system architecture	10 bit; 16 bit	8 bit; 16 bit	10 bit; 16 bit	12 bit; 18 bit
V/div, 1 MΩ	2 mV to 100 V	1 mV to 10 V	1 mV to 5 V	1 mV to 10 V
V/div, 50 Ω	-			1 mV to 1 V
Digital channels	8	8	16	16
Horizontal system				
Sampling rate per channel (in Gsample/s)	1.25 (4-channel model); 2.5 (2-channel model); 5 (all channels interleaved)	1; 2 (2 channels interleaved)	1.25; 2.5 (2 channels interleaved)	2.5; 5 (2 channels interleaved)
Maximum memory (per channel; 1 channel active)	125 kpoints (4-channel model); 250 kpoints (2-channel model); 500 kpoints	1 Mpoint; 2 Mpoints	10 Mpoints; 20 Mpoints	standard: 125 Mpoints; max. upgrade: 500 Mpoints <sup>2)</sup>
Segmented memory	standard, 50 Mpoints	-	standard, 160 Mpoints	standard: 10 000 segments; option: 1000 000 segments
Acquisition rate (in waveforms/s)	50 000	10 000	50 000 (300 000 in fast segmented memory mode)	> 4500 000 on 4 channels
Trigger				
Types	digital	analog	analog	advanced (includes zone trigger), digital trigger (15 trigger types)
Sensitivity	-	-	at 1 mV/div: > 2 div	0.0001 div, across full bandwidth, user controllable
Analysis				
Mask test	tolerance mask	tolerance mask	tolerance mask	user configurable, hardware based
Mathematics	elementary	elementary	basic (math on math)	advanced (formula editor)
Serial protocols triggering and decoding <sup>1)</sup>	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/ RS-485, CAN, LIN, CAN FD, SENT	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/ RS-485, CAN, LIN	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/ RS-485, CAN, LIN	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/RS-485, CAN, CAN FD, CAN XL, LIN, ARINC 429, MIL-STD-1553, SPMI, 10BASE-T1S, QUAD-SPI, SENT, RFFE I <sup>2</sup> C, NRZ, SpaceWire, custom Manchester
Applications 1), 2)	high-resolution frequency counter, advanced spectrum analysis, harmonics analysis, user scripting	digital voltmeter (DVM), com- ponent tester, fast Fourier trans- form (FFT)	digital voltmeter (DVM), fast Fourier transform (FFT), frequency response analysis	power, digital voltmeter (DVM), frequency response analysis, basic jitter analysis
Compliance testing 1), 2)	-	_	_	-
Display and operation				
Size and resolution	7" touchscreen, 800 × 480 pixel	6.5", 640 × 480 pixel	10.1" touchscreen, 1280 × 800 pixel	11.6" touchscreen, 1920 × 1080 pixel (Full HD)
General data				
Dimensions in mm (W × H × D)	201 × 293 × 74	285 × 175 × 140	390 × 220 × 152	375 × 233 × 163
Weight in kg	2.4	1.7	2.5	4
Battery	lithium-ion, > 4 h	-	-	-

<sup>1)</sup> Upgradeable.

<sup>2)</sup> Requires an option.









MXO 4	MXO 5/MXO 5C	R&S®RT06	R&S®RTP
200/350/500 MHz/1/1.5 GHz	100/200/350/500 MHz/1/2 GHz	600 MHz/1/2/3/4/6 GHz	4/6/8/13/16 GHz
4	4/8	4	4
12 bit; 18 bit	12 bit; 18 bit	8 bit; 16 bit	8 bit; 16 bit
500 μV to 10 V	500 μV to 10 V	1 mV to 10 V (HD mode: 500 $\mu$ V to 10 V)	
500 μV to 1 V	500 μV to 1 V	1 mV to 1 V (HD mode: 500 μV to 1 V)	2 mV to 1 V (HD mode: 1 mV to 1 V)
16	16	16	16
2.5; 5 (2 channels interleaved)	5 on 4 channels; 2.5 on 8 channels (2 channels interleaved)	10; 20 (2 channels interleaved in 4 GHz and 6 GHz model)	20; 40 (2 channels interleaved)
standard: 400 Mpoints; max. upgrade: 800 Mpoints <sup>2)</sup>	standard: 500 Mpoints max. upgrade: 1 Gpoint <sup>2)</sup>	standard: 200 Mpoints/800 Mpoints; max. upgrade: 1 Gpoint/2 Gpoints	standard: 100 Mpoints/400 Mpoints; max. upgrade: 3 Gpoints
standard: 10000 segments; option: 1000000 segments	standard: 10 000 segments; option: 1 000 000 segments	standard	standard
> 4500000	> 4500 000 on 4 channels	1 000 000 (2 500 000 in ultra-segmented memory mode)	750 000 (> 3 000 000 in ultra-segmented memory mode)
advanced (includes zone trigger), digital trigger (15 trigger types)	advanced (includes zone trigger), digital trigger (15 trigger types)	advanced (includes zone trigger), digital trigger (15 trigger types), high speed serial pattern trigger including 5 Gbps clock data recovery (CDR) <sup>2)</sup>	advanced (includes zone trigger), digital trigger (14 trigger types) with real-time deembedding <sup>2)</sup> , high speed serial pattern trigger including 8/16 Gbps clock data recovery (CDR) <sup>2)</sup>
0.0001 div, across full bandwidth, user controllable	0.0001 div, across full bandwidth, user controllable	0.0001 div, across full bandwidth, user controllable	0.0001 div, across full bandwidth, user controllable
user configurable, hardware based	user configurable, hardware based	user configurable, hardware based	user configurable, hardware based
advanced (formula editor)	advanced (formula editor)	advanced (formula editor, Python interface)	advanced (formula editor, Python interface)
I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/ RS-485, CAN, CAN FD, CAN XL, LIN, ARINC 429, MIL-STD-1553, SPMI, 10BASE-T1S, QUAD-SPI, SENT, RFFE, I <sup>3</sup> C, NRZ, SpaceWire	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/ RS-485, CAN, CAN FD, CAN XL, LIN, ARINC 429, MIL-STD-1553, SPMI, 10BASE-T1S, 100BASE-T1, QUAD-SPI, SENT, RFFE, I <sup>2</sup> C, NRZ, SpaceWire	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/RS-485, CAN, LIN, I <sup>2</sup> S, MIL-STD-1553, ARINC 429, FlexRay, CAN FD, MIPI RFFE, USB 2.0/HSIC, MDIO, 8b10b, Ethernet, Manchester, NRZ, SENT, MIPI D-PHY, SpaceWire, MIPI M-PHY/UniPro, CXPI, USB 3.1 Gen 1, USB-SSIC, PCIe 1.1/2.0, USB Power Delivery, Automotive Ethernet 100/1000BASE-T1	I <sup>2</sup> C, SPI, UART/RS-232/RS-422/RS-485, SENT, CAN, LIN, CAN FD, MIL-STD-1553, ARINC 429, SpaceWire, USB 2.0/HSIC/PD, USB 3.1 Gen 1/Gen 2/SSIC, PCIe 1.1/2.0/3.0, 8b10b, MIPI RFFE, MIPI D/M-PHY/UniPro, Automotive Ethernet 100/1000BASE-T1, Ethernet 10/100BASE-TX, MDIO, Manchester, NRZ
power, digital voltmeter (DVM), frequency response analysis, basic jitter analysis	power, digital voltmeter (DVM), frequency response analysis, basic jitter analysis	power, advanced spectrum analysis and spectrogram, jitter and noise decomposition, clock data recovery (CDR), I/Q data and RF analysis (R&S°VSE), deembedding, embedding, equalization, PAM-N, TDR/TDT analysis, advanced eye diagram	advanced spectrum analysis and spectrogram, jitter and noise decomposition, real-time deembedding, embedding, equalization, PAM-N, TDR/TDT analysis, I/Q data and RF analysis (R&S°VSE), advanced eye diagram
-		see specifications (PD 5216.1640.22)	see specifications (PD 3683.5616.22)
13.3" touchscreen, 1920 × 1080 pixel (Full HD)	for MXO 5 only: 15.6" touchscreen, 1920 × 1080 pixel (Full HD)	15.6" touchscreen, 1920 × 1080 pixel (Full HD)	13.3" touchscreen, 1920 × 1080 pixel (Full HD)
414 × 279 × 162	MXO 5: 445 × 314 × 154 MXO 5C: 445 × 105 × 405	450 × 315 × 204	441 × 285 × 316
6	MXO 5: 9 MXO 5C: 8.7	10.7	18
-	-	-	-

# OUR OSCILLOSCOPE PORTFOLIO

