

RedLab 1608G

Multifunction DAQ Device

RedLab 1608G

RedLab 1608GX

RedLab 1608GX-2AO

User's Guide

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About this User's Guide

What you will learn from this user's guide

This user's guide describes the RedLab 1608G data acquisition device and lists device specifications.

Conventions in this user's guide

For more information about ...

Text presented in a box signifies additional information and helpful hints related to the subject matter you are reading.

Caution! Shaded caution statements present information to help you avoid injuring yourself and others, damaging your hardware, or losing your data.

bold text **Bold** text is used for the names of objects on a screen, such as buttons, text boxes, and check boxes.

italic text *Italic* text is used for the names of manuals and help topic titles, and to emphasize a word or phrase.

Where to find more information

- The *Quick Start Guide* is available on your RedLab CD in the root directory.
- The *Guide to Signal Connections* is available on your RedLab CD under „ICaUL\Documents“.
- The *Universal Library User's Guide* is available on your RedLab CD under „ICaUL\Documents“.
- The *Universal Library Function Reference* is available on your RedLab CD under „ICaUL\Documents“.
- The *Universal Library for LabVIEW™ User's Guide* is available on your RedLab CD under „ICaUL\Documents“.

If your RedLab 1608G is damaged, notify Meilhaus Electronic immediately by phone, fax, or email.

- Phone: +49 (0) 81 41/52 71-0
- Fax: +49 (0) 81 41/52 71-129
- E-Mail: support@meilhaus.com

Introducing the RedLab 1608G

The RedLab 1608G Series (referred to as RedLab 1608G in this manual) includes the following devices:

- RedLab 1608G
- RedLab 1608GX
- RedLab 1608GX-2AO

These devices are USB 2.0 high-speed devices that are supported under the following operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows 7/Vista/XP (32-bit or 64-bit)

The RedLab 1608G Series is compatible with both USB 1.1 and USB 2.0 ports. The speed of the device may be limited when using a USB 1.1 port due to the difference in transfer rates on the USB 1.1 versions of the protocol (low-speed and full-speed).

The RedLab 1608G Series provides the following features:

- 16 single-ended or eight differential analog input channels
- Eight individually configurable digital I/O channels
- Two counter channels (32-bit) that count TTL pulses
- One timer output channel (32-bit)
- Screw terminals for field wiring connections
- Two analog output channels (model 2AO).

You can pace each channel at rates of up to 500 kS/s. You can pace both channels simultaneously at rates of up to 250 kS/s.

The RedLab 1608G Series is powered by the +5 volt USB supply from your computer, and requires no external power.

Functional block diagram

RedLab 1608GX-2AO functions are illustrated in the block diagram shown here.

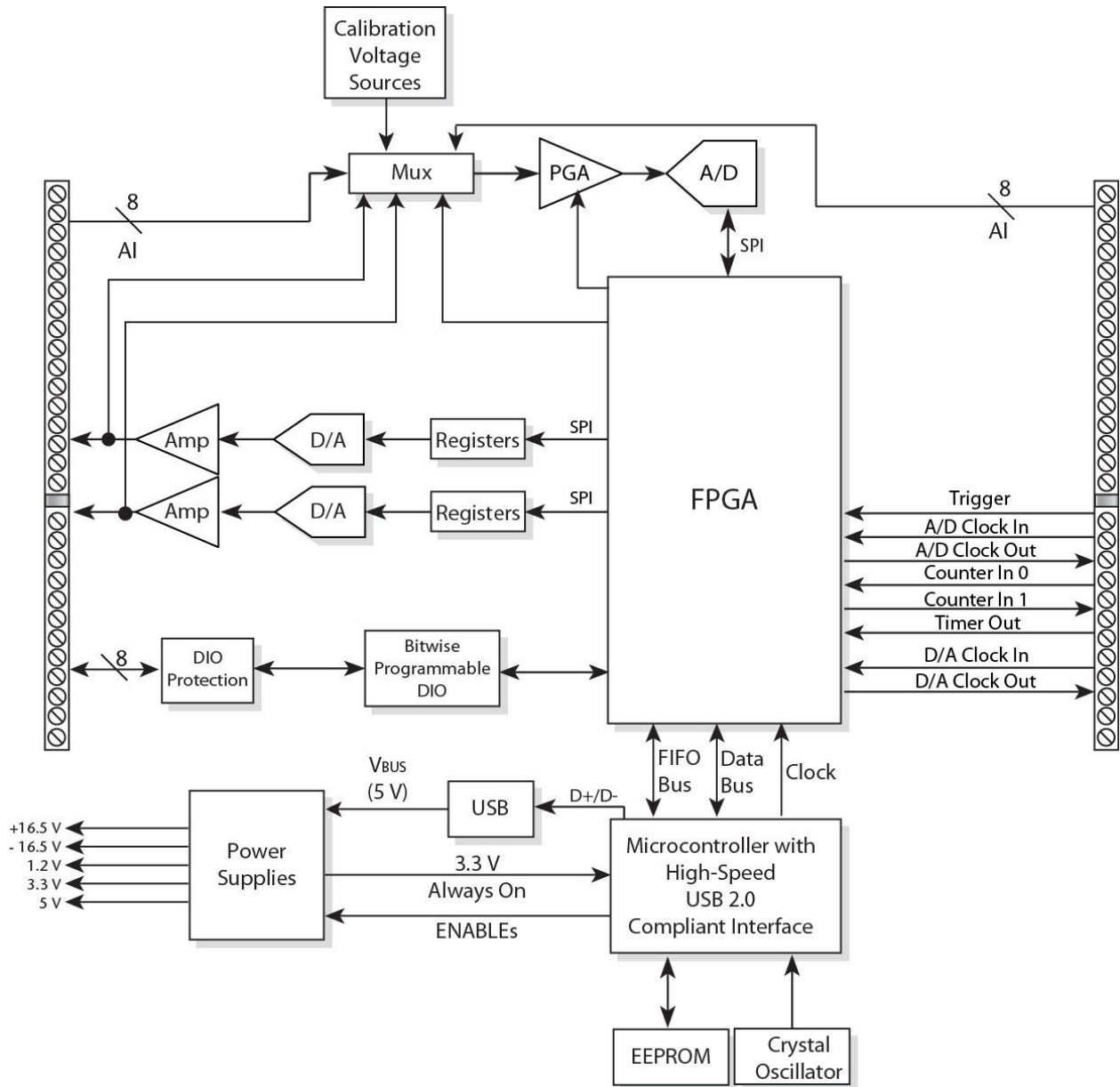


Figure 1. RedLab 1608GX-2AO functional block diagram

Installing the software

Note: Before installing RedLab 1608G hardware, you must install the software you plan to use with the device.

Universal Library and InstaCal

Install Universal Library and InstaCal when you want to develop data acquisition applications using Windows programming languages.

Universal Library and InstaCal software are included on the CD that ships with the device. Refer to the *Quick Start Guide* booklet for instructions about installing Universal Library and InstaCal software.

Installing the hardware

Install the software before you install your device

A driver needed to run the RedLab 1608G is installed when you install the software. Therefore, you need to install the software package you plan to use before you install the hardware.

For operation on a Windows operating system, we recommend that you run Windows Update to update your operating system with the latest USB drivers.

To connect a RedLab 1608G to your system, turn on your computer and connect the USB cable to an available USB port on the computer or to an external USB hub connected to the computer. Connect the other end of the USB cable to the USB connector on the device. No external power is required.

When you connect the device for the first time to a computer running Windows, a **Found New Hardware** dialog opens when the operating system detects the device. The dialog closes after the device is installed.

A green **Status** LED indicates the device status. When the LED is on, the device is powered and ready for operation. When the LED is off, the device is not powered or did not initialize.

Figure 3 Seite 10 shows the location of the **Status** LED.

Caution! Do not disconnect **any** device from the USB bus while the computer is communicating with the RedLab 1608G device, or you may lose data and/or your ability to communicate with the device.

If the Status LED is off

If the **Status** LED is on but then turns off, the computer has lost communication with the RedLab 1608G device. To restore communication, disconnect the USB cable from the computer and then reconnect it. This should restore communication, and the LED should turn on.

Calibrating

Self-calibration

RedLab 1608G hardware supports self-calibration. Calibrate the RedLab 1608G device whenever the ambient temperature changes by more than ± 10 °C from the last self-calibration. Use InstaCal to calibrate the device.

Factory calibration

Return the device to Meilhaus Electronic when calibration is required. The normal calibration interval is once per year.

Functional Details

Analog input modes

The RedLab 1608G Series can acquire analog input data in two basic modes – software paced and hardware paced.

Software paced

You can acquire one analog sample at a time in software-paced mode. You initiate the A/D conversion with a software command. The analog value is converted to digital data and returned to the computer. Repeat this procedure until you have the total number of samples that you want.

The sample rate in software-paced mode is system-dependent and can range from 33 S/s to 4000 S/s.

Hardware paced

You can acquire data from up to 16 channels in hardware paced mode. The analog data is continuously acquired, converted to digital values, and written into the FIFO buffer on the device until you stop the scan. The FIFO buffer is serviced in blocks as the data is transferred from the FIFO buffer to the computer memory buffer. You start a continuous scan with either a software command or with an external hardware trigger event.

The maximum sampling rate in hardware-paced mode from one to 16 channels is 500 kS/s aggregate for the RedLab 1608GX-2AO, 1608GX and 250 kS/s for the RedLab 1608G.

Burst mode

When using the onboard pacer, you can enable burst mode for more precise timing between samples. When burst mode is enabled, each successive channel in a scan is sampled at the maximum A/D rate. This ensures that samples from each channel are taken as close as possible to the same absolute point in time. When burst mode is disabled, data is sampled at evenly spaced intervals, allowing maximum settling time and best amplitude accuracy. Multi-channel scanning with burst mode enabled and disabled is shown in Figure 2.

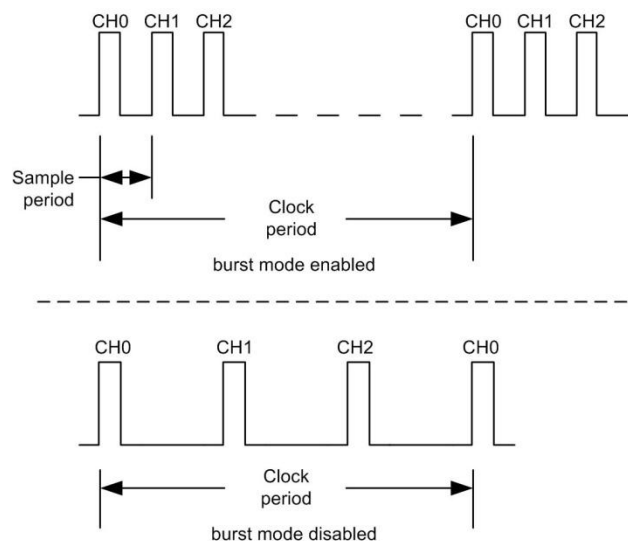


Figure 2. Multi-channel scan with burst mode enabled and disabled

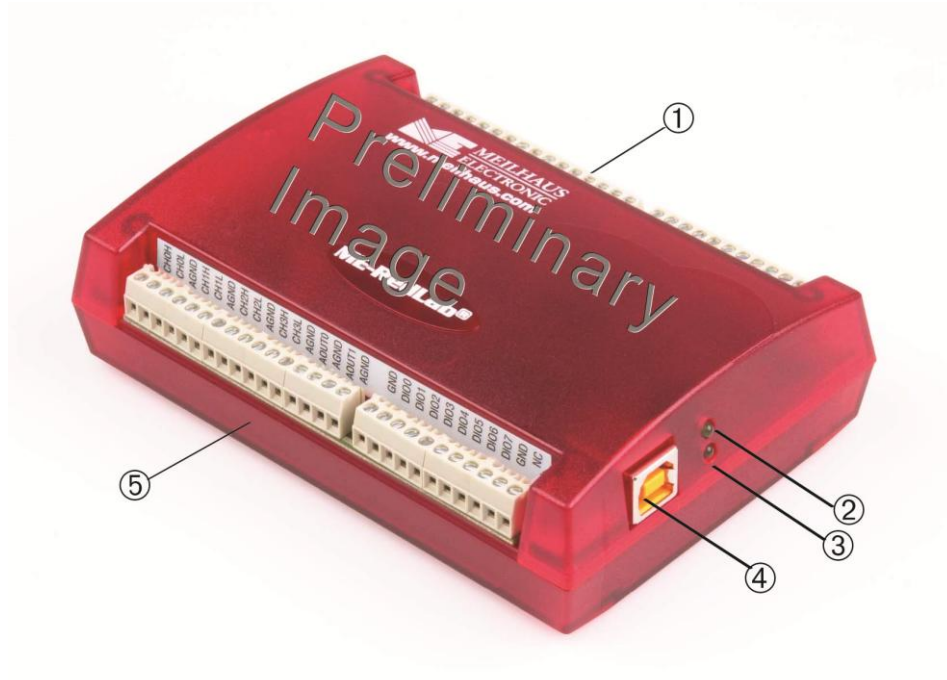
The burst mode sample period is 2 μ s on the RedLab 1608GX-2AO, 1608GX and 4 μ s on the RedLab 1608G.

You can trigger the acquisition with the external trigger, and control the clock period with the internal or external A/D pacer clock. Pacing from the external clock always operates with burst mode enabled.

External components

The RedLab 1608G has the following external components (see Figure 3):

- USB connector
- LEDs
- Screw terminals



- | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Screw terminal pins 28 to 54 | 4 | USB connector |
| 2 | Status LED | 5 | Screw terminal pins 1 to 27 |
| 3 | Activity LED | | |

Figure 3. RedLab 1608G external components

USB connector

The USB connector provides +5 V power and communication. No external power supply is required.

LEDs

The RedLab 1608G has two LEDs – **Status** and **Activity**.

- The **Status** LED turns on when the device is detected and installed on the computer.
- The **Activity** LED blinks when data is transferred, and is off otherwise.

Figure 3 shows the location of each LED.

Screw terminals

The RedLab 1608G Series screw terminals provide the following connections:

- 16 single-ended (**CH0** to **CH15**) or eight differential (**CH0H/CH0L** to **CH7H/CH7L**) analog input connections
- Eight digital I/O connections (**DIO0** to **DIO7**)
- Two analog output connections (**AOUT0**, **AOUT1**, RedLab 1608GX-2AO only)
- One external clock input (**AICKI**) and one external clock output (**AICKO**) for analog inputs
- One external clock input (**AOCKI**) and one external clock output (**AOCKO**) for analog outputs (RedLab 1608GX-2AO only)

- One digital trigger input (**TRIG**)
- Two counter inputs (**CTR0**, **CTR1**)
- One timer output (**TMR**)
- One power output (**+5V**)
- 13 analog ground (**AGND**) and five digital ground (**GND**) connections

Single-ended pinout locations are shown in Figure 4. Differential pinout locations are shown in Figure 5.

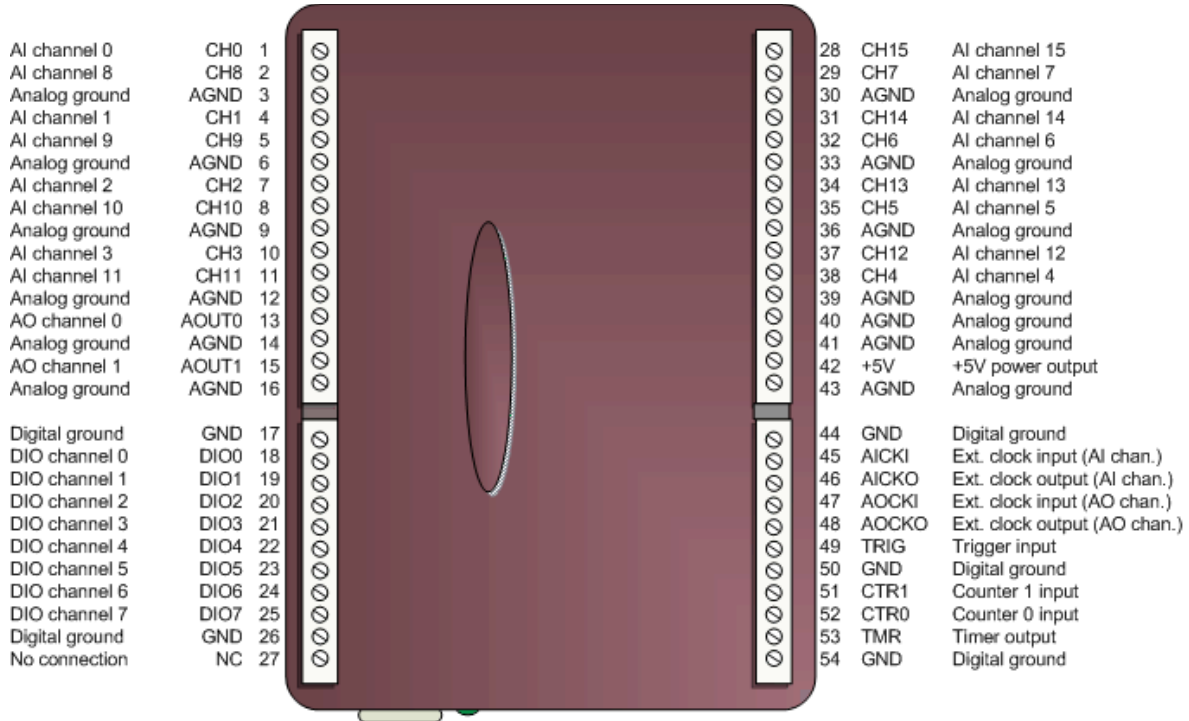


Figure 4. Single-ended mode pinout

Do not connect anything to pin labeled *NC*.

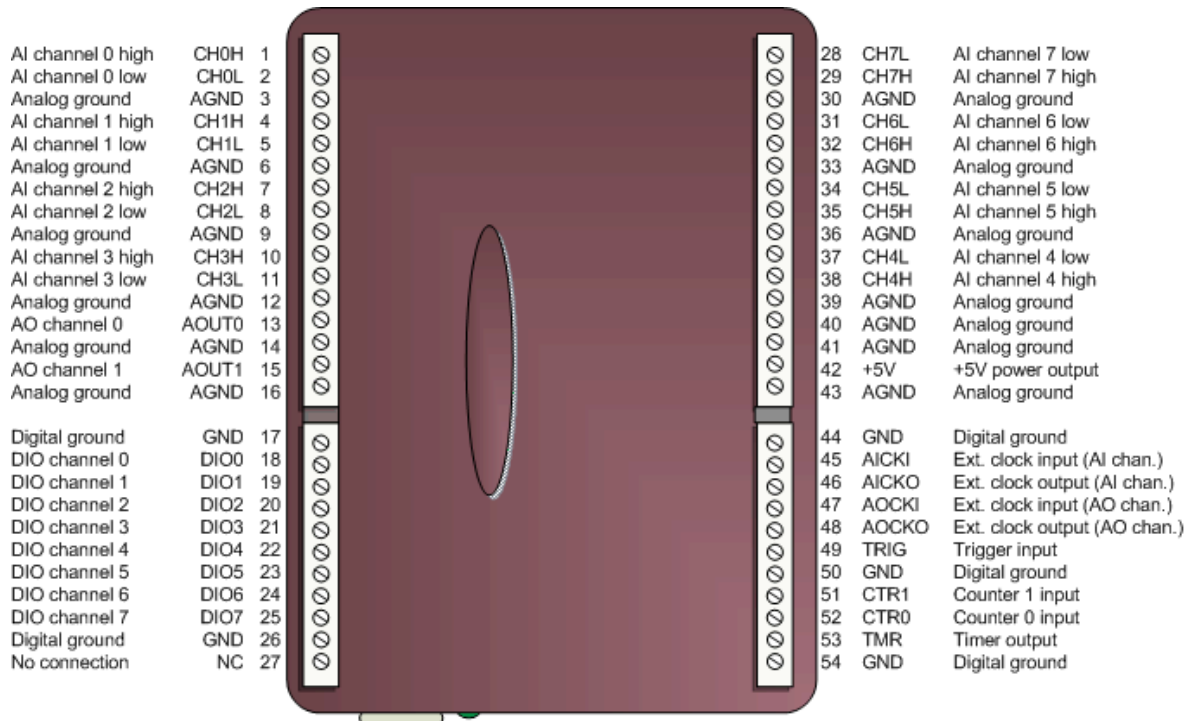


Figure 5. Differential mode pinout

Do not connect anything to pin labeled *NC*.

Signal connections

Analog input

You can configure the analog inputs for single-ended or differential mode. The input voltage range is software selectable for ± 10 V, ± 5 V, ± 2 V, or ± 1 V.

With single-ended mode, connect up to 16 inputs to screw terminals **CH0** to **CH15**. single-ended mode requires two wires:

- Connect one wire to the signal you want to measure (**CHx**).
- Connect one wire to the analog ground reference (**AGND**).

Refer to Figure 4 Seite 11 for the location of the single-ended inputs.

With differential mode, connect up to eight differential inputs to screw terminals **CH0H/CH0L** to **CH7H/CH7L**. differential mode requires two wires plus a ground reference:

- Connect one wire to the high/positive signal (**CHxH**).
- Connect one wire to the low/negative signal (**CHxL**).
- Connect one wire to the analog ground reference (**AGND**).

Refer to Figure 5 oben for the location of the differential inputs.

Floating voltage source

When connecting differential voltage inputs to a "floating" voltage source, make sure the differential input channel has a DC return path to ground. To create this path, connect a resistor from each low channel input to an **AGND** pin. A value of approximately 100 k Ω can be used for most applications.

Leave unused input channels either floating or tied to an **AGND** terminal. Source impedances should be kept as small as possible to avoid settling time and accuracy errors.

Figure 6 shows differential channels 0-3 connected to a ground path resistor.

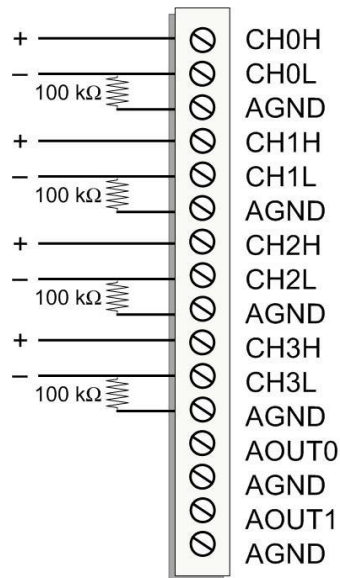


Figure 6. Differential connections with ground path resistor

Channel - Gain queue

The RedLab 1608G Series channel - gain queue feature allows you to configure a list of channels, modes, and gains for each scan. The settings are stored in a channel - gain queue list that is written to local memory on the device.

The channel - gain queue list contains one or more channel numbers, modes, and range settings. You can configure up to 16 elements. The channels can be listed in any order, and can include duplicate channels for sampling at different ranges. An example of a 4-element list is shown in the table unterhalb.

Sample channel gain queue list

Element	Channel	Range	Mode
0	CH5	BIP5V	Single-ended
1	CH1	BIP10V	Differential
2	CH15	BIP1V	Single-ended
3	CH5	BIP5V	Single-ended

Carefully match the gain to the expected voltage range on the associated channel or an over range condition may occur. Although this condition does not damage the device, it does produce a useless full-scale reading, and can introduce a long recovery time due to saturation of the input channel.

For more information on analog signal connections

For more information on analog inputs, refer to the *Guide to Signal Connections* (this document is available on your RedLab CD under „\CalUL\Documents“.)

Analog output (RedLab 1608GX-2AO only)

The RedLab 1608GX-2AO has two 16-bit analog outputs (**AOUT0** and **AOUT1**). Both outputs can be updated simultaneously at a rate of 250 kS/s per channel. One output can be updated at a rate of 500 kS/s. The output range is fixed at ± 10 V. The outputs default to 0 V when the host computer is shut down or suspended, or when a reset command is issued to the device.

External clock I/O

The RedLab 1608G Series provides one external clock input (**AICKI**) and one external clock output (**AICKO**) for analog inputs.

The RedLab 1608GX-2AO also has one external clock input (**AOCKI**) and one external clock output (**AOCKO**) for analog outputs.

- You can connect an external clock signal to **AICKI** and/or **AOCKI**.
When using an external clock, **AICKO** outputs the pulse generated from **AICKI**.
The **AOCKO** pin outputs the pulse generated from **AOCKI**.
- When using the internal clock, **AICKO** outputs the ADC scan clock.
The **AOCKO** pin outputs the DAC scan clock.

Digital I/O

You can connect up to eight digital I/O lines to **DIO0** through **DIO7**. Each digital channel is individually configurable for input or output. The digital I/O terminals can detect the state of any TTL-level input. Refer to the schematic shown in Figure 7.

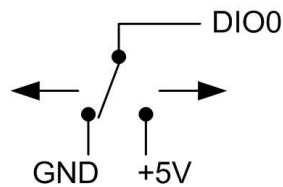


Figure 7. Schematic showing switch detection by digital channel DIO0

If you set the switch to the +5 V input, DIO0 reads *TRUE* (1). If you move the switch to GND, DIO0 reads *FALSE* (0).

Internal pull-up/down configuration

Unconnected inputs are pulled low by default to 0 V through 47 k Ω resistors via jumper **W1** on the circuit board. The pull-up/pull-down voltage is common to all 47 k Ω resistors. Complete the following steps to configure these inputs to pull high (+5V).

Caution! The discharge of static electricity can damage some electronic components. Before removing the RedLab 1608G from its housing, ground yourself using a wrist strap or touch the computer chassis or other grounded object to eliminate any stored static charge.

1. Turn the device over and rest the top of the housing on a flat, stable surface.
2. Peel off the four rubber feet on the bottom of the device to access the screws.
3. Remove the four screws from the bottom of the device.
4. Hold both the top and bottom sections together, turn the device over and rest it on the surface, then carefully remove the top section of the case to expose the circuit board.

- Configure jumper **W1** for either pull-up or pull-down. The jumper is configured by default for pull-down. Figure 8 shows the location of the jumper on the board.

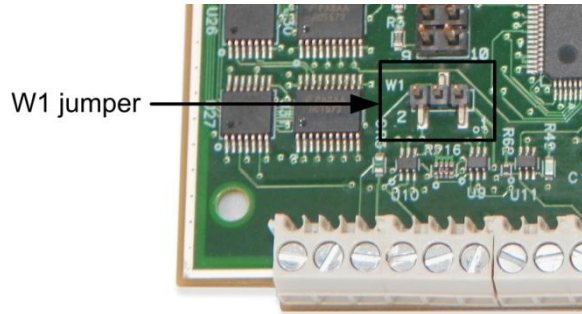


Figure 8. W1 jumper location

Figure 9 shows the jumper configured for pull-up and pull-down.



Figure 9. W1 jumper configurations

- Replace the top section of the case, and fasten it to the bottom section with the four screws. Replace the rubber feet onto each screw.

For more information on digital signal connections

For general information about digital signal connections and digital I/O techniques, refer to the *Guide to Signal Connections* (this document is available on your RedLab CD under „ICaUL\Documents“.)

Trigger input

The **TRIG** terminal is an external digital trigger input. The trigger mode is software selectable for edge or level sensitive.

- Edge sensitive mode is configurable for rising or falling edge.
- Level sensitive mode is configurable for high or low level.

The default setting at power up is edge sensitive, rising edge.

Retrigger mode

Retrigger mode lets you set up repetitive analog input or output trigger events. The trigger is automatically re-armed after it is activated. Use software to set the A/D or D/A trigger count (the number of samples you want per trigger).

Counter input

The **CTR0** and **CTR1** terminals are 32-bit event counters that can accept frequency inputs up to 20 MHz. The internal counter increments when the TTL levels transition from low to high.

Timer output

The **TMR** terminal is a pulse width modulation (PWM) timer output that can generate a pulse output with a programmable frequency in the range of 0.0149 Hz to 32 MHz. The timer output parameters are software selectable. Figure 10 shows the timer output schematic.

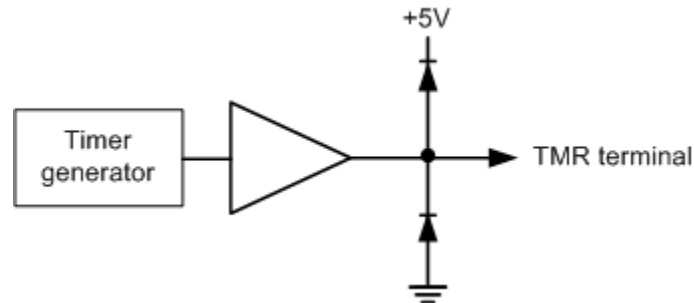


Figure 10. Timer output schematic

Power output

The **+5V** terminal can output up to 10 mA maximum. You can use this terminal to supply power to external devices or circuitry.

Caution! The **+5V** terminal is an output. Do not connect to an external power supply or you may damage the device and possibly the computer.

Ground

The analog ground (**AGND**) terminals provide a common ground for all analog channels.

The digital ground (**GND**) terminals provide a common ground for the digital, counter, timer, and clock channels and the power terminal.

Mechanical drawings

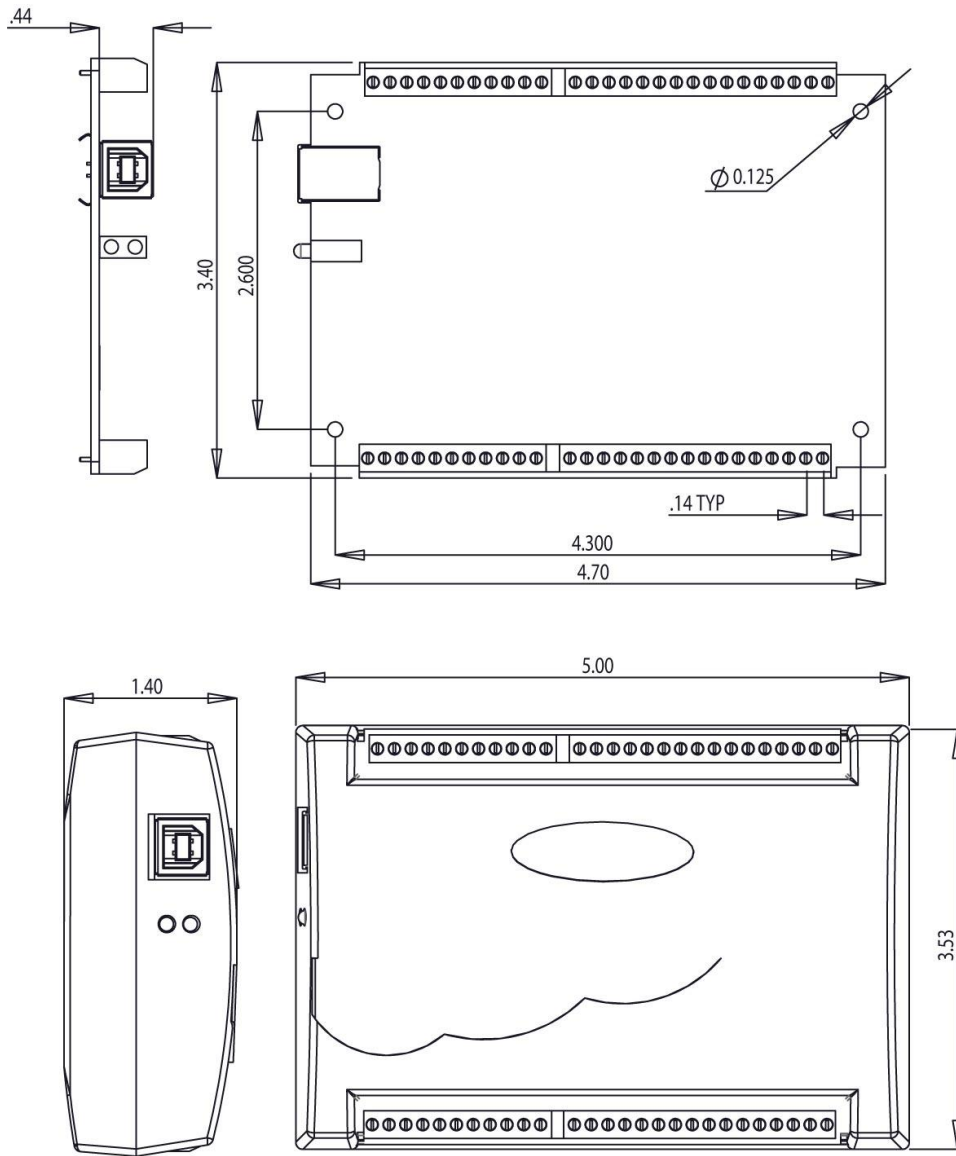


Figure 11. RedLab 1608G Series circuit board (top) and enclosure dimensions

Specifications

All specifications are subject to change without notice.

Typical for 25 °C unless otherwise specified.

Specifications in *italic text* are guaranteed by design.

Analog input

Table 1. General analog input specifications

Parameter	Condition	Specification
A/D converter type		Successive approximation
ADC resolution		16 bits
Number of channels		8 differential, 16 single-ended Software-selectable
Input voltage range		± 10 V, ± 5 V, ± 2 V, ± 1 V Software-selectable per channel
<i>Absolute max input voltage</i>	<i>CHx relative to AGND</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ ± 25 V max (power on) ▪ ± 15 V max (power off)
<i>Input impedance</i>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ $1\text{ G}\Omega$ (power on) ▪ $820\ \Omega$ (power off)
<i>Input bias current</i>		± 10 nA
Input bandwidth	All input ranges, small signal (-3 dB)	RedLab 1608G: 750 kHz RedLab 1608GX: 870 kHz RedLab 1608GX-2AO: 870 kHz
<i>Input capacitance</i>		60 pf
Max working voltage (signal + common mode)		± 10.2 V max relative to AGND
Common mode rejection ratio	($f_{IN} = 60$ Hz, all input ranges)	86 dB
Crosstalk	Adjacent differential mode channels, DC to 100 kHz	-75 dB
Input coupling		DC
Sampling rate		RedLab-1608G: 0.0149 Hz to 250 kHz RedLab 1608GX: 0.0149 Hz to 500 kHz RedLab 1608GX-2AO: 0.0149 Hz to 500 kHz software-selectable
Trigger source		TRIG (see <i>External trigger</i> below)
Sample clock source		Internal A/D clock or external A/D clock (AICKI pin)
Burst mode		RedLab 1608G: $4\ \mu\text{s}$ RedLab 1608GX: $2\ \mu\text{s}$ RedLab 1608GX-2AO: $2\ \mu\text{s}$ Software-selectable using the internal A/D clock; always enabled when using the external clock (AICKI pin).
Throughput	Software paced	33 to 4000 S/s typical, system dependent
	Hardware paced	RedLab 1608G: 250 kS/s max RedLab 1608GX: 500 kS/s max RedLab 1608GX-2AO: 500 kS/s max
Channel gain queue	Up to 16 elements	Software-selectable range for each channel
Warm-up time		15 minutes min

Accuracy

Analog input DC voltage measurement accuracy

Table 2. DC Accuracy components and specifications. All values are (\pm)

Range	Gain error (% of reading)	Offset error (μV)	INL error (% of range)	Absolute accuracy at Full Scale (μV)	Gain temperature coefficient (% reading/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$)	Offset temperature coefficient ($\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$)
$\pm 10\text{ V}$	0.024	915	0.0076	4075	0.0014	47
$\pm 5\text{ V}$	0.024	686	0.0076	2266	0.0014	24
$\pm 2\text{ V}$	0.024	336	0.0076	968	0.0014	10
$\pm 1\text{ V}$	0.024	245	0.0076	561	0.0014	5

Noise performance

For the peak-to-peak noise distribution test, a differential input channel is connected to AGND at the input terminal block, and 32,000 samples are acquired at the maximum rate available at each setting.

Table 3. Noise performance specifications

Range	Counts	LSBrms
$\pm 10\text{ V}$	6	0.91
$\pm 5\text{ V}$	6	0.91
$\pm 2\text{ V}$	7	1.06
$\pm 1\text{ V}$	9	1.36

Settling time

Settling time is defined as the accuracy that can be expected after one conversion when switching from a channel with a DC input at one extreme of full scale to another channel with a DC input at the other extreme of full scale. Both input channels are configured for the same input range.

Table 4. Input settling time specifications in μS , typical

RedLab 1608GX-2AO, RedLab 1608GX			
Range	2 μS settling accuracy (% FSR)	4 μS settling accuracy (% FSR)	9 μS settling accuracy (% FSR)
$\pm 10\text{ V}$	0.1251	0.0031	0.0015
$\pm 5\text{ V}$	0.0687	0.0031	0.0015
$\pm 2\text{ V}$	0.0687	0.0031	0.0015
$\pm 1\text{ V}$	0.0687	0.0031	0.0015
RedLab 1608G			
Range	4 μS settling accuracy (% FSR)	6 μS settling accuracy (% FSR)	$\pm 10\text{ }\mu\text{S}$ settling accuracy (% FSR)
$\pm 10\text{ V}$	0,0061	0.0031	0.0015
$\pm 5\text{ V}$	0,0061	0.0031	0.0015
$\pm 2\text{ V}$	0,0061	0.0031	0.0015
$\pm 1\text{ V}$	0,0061	0.0031	0.0015
$\pm 10\text{ V}$	0,0061	0.0031	0.0015

Analog output (RedLab 1608GX-2AO only)

Table 6. Analog output specifications

Parameter	Condition	Specification
Number of channels		2
Resolution		16 bits
Output ranges	Calibrated	± 10 V
Output transient	Host computer is reset, powered on, suspended, or a reset command is issued to the device	Duration: 500 μ s Amplitude: 2 V p-p
	Powered off	Duration: 10 ms Amplitude: 7 V peak
Differential non-linearity		± 0.25 LSB typical ± 1 LSB max
Output current	AOUTx pins	± 3.5 mA max
Output short-circuit protection	AOUTx connected to AGND	Unlimited duration
Output coupling		DC
Power on and reset state		DACs cleared to zero-scale: 0 V, ± 50 mV
Output noise		30 μ Vrms
Sample clock source		Internal D/A clock or external D/A clock (AOCKI pin)
Output update rate		500 kHz / (number of channels in scan)
Settling time	To rated accuracy, 10 V step	40 μ s
Slew rate		9 V/ μ s
Throughput	Software paced	33 to 4000 S/s typ, system-dependent
	Hardware paced	500 kS/s max, system-dependent

Note 1: Leave unused AOUTx output channels disconnected.

Note 2: AOUTx defaults to 0 V whenever the host computer is reset, powered on, suspended, or a reset command is issued to the device.

Table 7. Calibrated absolute accuracy specifications

Range	Absolute accuracy (\pm LSB)
± 10 V	16.0

Table 8. Calibrated absolute accuracy components specifications

Range	% of reading	Offset (\pm mV)	Offset tempco (μ V/ $^{\circ}$ C)	Gain tempco (ppm of range/ $^{\circ}$ C)
± 10 V	± 0.0183	1.831	12.7	13

Table 9. Relative accuracy specifications (\pm LSB)

Range	Relative accuracy (INL)
± 10 V	4.0 typical

Analog input/output calibration

Table 10. Analog input/output calibration specifications

Parameter	Specification
Recommended warm-up time	15 minutes min
Calibration method	Self-calibration (firmware)
Calibration interval	1 year (factory calibration)
AI calibration reference	+5 V, ± 2.5 mV max. Actual measured values stored in EEPROM.
	Tempco: 5 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C max
	Long term stability: 15 ppm/1000 hours
AO calibration procedure (Error! Unknown document property name. only)	The analog output pins are internally routed to the analog input circuit. For best calibration results, disconnect any AOOUTx connections at the terminal block pins prior to performing AOOUT calibration.

Digital input/output

Table 11. Digital input/output specifications

Parameter	Specification
Digital type	CMOS
Number of I/O	8
Configuration	Each bit may be configured as input (power on default) or output
Pull-up configuration	The port has 47 k Ω resistors configurable as pull-ups or pull-downs (default) via internal jumper (W1).
Digital I/O transfer rate (system-paced)	33 to 8000 port reads/writes or single bit reads/writes per second typical, system dependent.
Input high voltage	2.0 V min 5.5 V absolute max
Input low voltage	0.8 V max -0.5 V absolute min 0 V recommended min
Output high voltage	4.4 V min (IOH = -50 μ A) 3.76 V min (IOH = -2.5 mA)
Output low voltage	0.1 V max (IOL = 50 μ A) 0.44 V max (IOL = 2.5 mA)
Output current	± 2.5 mA max

External trigger

Table 12. External trigger specifications

Parameter	Specification
Trigger source	TRIG input
Trigger mode	Software programmable for edge or level sensitive, rising or falling edge, high or low level. Power on default is edge sensitive, rising edge.
Trigger latency	1 μ s + 1 clock cycle max
Trigger pulse width	100 ns min
Input type	Schmitt trigger, 33 Ω series resistor and 49.9 k Ω pull-down to ground
Schmitt trigger hysteresis	0.4 V to 1.2 V
Input high voltage	2.2 V min 5.5 V absolute max
Input low voltage	1.5 V max -0.5 V absolute min 0 V recommended min

External clock input/output

Table 13. External clock I/O specifications

Parameter	Specification
Terminal names	AICKI, AICKO, AOCKI, AOCKO (RedLab 1608GX-2AO only)
Terminal types	AxCKI: Input, active on rising edge AxCKO: Output, power on default is 0 V, active on rising edge
Terminal descriptions	AxCKI: Receives sampling clock from external source AxCKO: Outputs the internal sampling clock (D/A or A/D clock) or the pulse generated from AxCKI when in external clock mode.
Input clock rate	RedLab 1608G: max. 250 kHz RedLab 1608GX: max. 500 kHz RedLab 1608GX-2AO: max. 500 kHz
Clock pulse width	AxCKI: 400 ns min AxCKO: 400 ns min
Input type	Schmitt trigger, 33 Ω series resistor, 47 k Ω pull-down to ground
Schmitt trigger hysteresis	0.4 V to 1.2 V
Input high voltage	2.2 V min 5.5 V absolute max
Input low voltage	1.5 V max -0.5 V absolute min 0 V recommended min
Output high voltage	4.4 V min (IOH = -50 μ A) 3.76 V min (IOH = -2.5 mA)
Output low voltage	0.1 V max (IOL = 50 μ A) 0.44 V max (IOL = 2.5 mA)
Output current	\pm 2.5 mA max

Counter

Table 14. Counter specifications

Parameter	Specification
Terminal names	CTR0, CTR1
Number of channels	2 channels
Resolution	32-bit
Counter type	Event counter
Input type	Schmitt trigger, 33 Ω series resistor, 47 k Ω pull-down to ground
Input source	CTR0 (pin 52) CTR1 (pin 51)
Counter read/writes rates (software paced)	33 to 8000 reads/writes per second typical, system dependent
Input high voltage	2.2 V min, 5.5 V max
Input low voltage	1.5 V max, -0.5 V min
Schmitt trigger hysteresis	0.4 V min, 1.2 V max
Input frequency	20 MHz, max
High pulse width	25 ns, min
Low pulse width	25 ns, min

Timer

Table 15. Timer specifications

Parameter	Specification
Terminal name	TMR
Timer type	PWM output with count, period, delay, and pulse width registers
Output value	Default state is idle low with pulses high, Software-selectable output invert
Internal clock frequency	64 MHz
Register widths	32-bit
High pulse width	15.625 ns min
Low pulse width	15.625 ns min
Output high voltage	4.4 V min (IOH = -50 μ A) 3.76 V min (IOH = -2.5 mA)
Output low voltage	0.1 V max (IOL = 50 μ A) 0.44 V max (IOL = 2.5 mA)
Output current	\pm 2.5 mA max

Memory

Table 16. Memory specifications

Parameter	Specification
Data FIFO	4 kS analog input/2 kS analog output
Non-volatile memory	32 KB (28 KB firmware storage, 4 KB calibration/user data)

Power

Table 17. Power specifications

Parameter	Condition	Specification
Supply current (Note 3)	Quiescent current	RedLab 1608G: 230 mA RedLab 1608GX: 260 mA RedLab 1608GX-2AO: 260 mA
+5 V user output voltage range	Available at terminal block pin 42	4.9 V min to 5.1 V max
+5 V user output current	Available at terminal block pin 42	10 mA max

Note 3: This is the total quiescent current requirement for the device that includes up to 10 mA for the Status LED. This does not include any potential loading of the digital I/O bits, +5V terminal, or the AOUTx outputs (RedLab 1608GX-2AO only).

USB

Table 18. USB specifications

Parameter	Specification
USB device type	USB 2.0 (high-speed)
Device compatibility	USB 1.1, USB 2.0
USB cable type	A-B cable, UL type AWM 2527 or equivalent. (min 24 AWG VBUS/GND, min 28 AWG D+/D-)
USB cable length	3 m (9.84 ft) max

Environmental

Table 19. Environmental specifications

Parameter	Specification
Operating temperature range	0 °C to 55 °C max
Storage temperature range	-40 °C to 85 °C max
Humidity	0% to 90% non-condensing max

Mechanical

Table 20. Mechanical specifications

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (L × W × H)	127 × 89.9 × 35.6 mm (5.00 × 3.53 × 1.40 in.)
User connection length	3 m (9.84 ft) max

Screw terminal connector

Table 21. Screw terminal connector specifications

Parameter	Specification
Connector type	Screw terminal
Wire gauge range	16 AWG to 30 AWG

Differential mode pinout

Table 22. 8-channel differential mode pinout

Pin	Signal name	Pin description	Pin	Signal name	Pin description
1	CH0H	Channel 0 HI	28	CH7L	Channel 7 LO
2	CH0L	Channel 0 LO	29	CH7H	Channel 7 HI
3	AGND	Analog ground	30	AGND	Analog ground
4	CH1H	Channel 1 HI	31	CH6L	Channel 6 LO
5	CH1L	Channel 1 LO	32	CH6H	Channel 6 HI
6	AGND	Analog ground	33	AGND	Analog ground
7	CH2H	Channel 2 HI	34	CH5L	Channel 5 LO
8	CH2L	Channel 2 LO	35	CH5H	Channel 5 HI
9	AGND	Analog ground	36	AGND	Analog ground
10	CH3H	Channel 3 HI	37	CH4L	Channel 4 LO
11	CH3L	Channel 3 LO	38	CH4H	Channel 4 HI
12	AGND	Analog ground	39	AGND	Analog ground
13	AOUT0 *	Analog output 0	40	AGND	Analog ground
14	AGND	Analog ground	41	AGND	Analog ground
15	AOUT1 *	Analog output 1	42	+5V	+5V output
16	AGND	Analog ground	43	AGND	Analog ground
	empty			empty	
17	GND	Digital ground	44	GND	Digital ground
18	DIO0	Digital input/output	45	AICKI	AI clock input
19	DIO1	Digital input/output	46	AICKO	AI clock output
20	DIO2	Digital input/output	47	AOCKI *	AO clock input
21	DIO3	Digital input/output	48	AOCKO *	AO clock output
22	DIO4	Digital input/output	49	TRIG	Trigger input
23	DIO5	Digital input/output	50	GND	Digital ground
24	DIO6	Digital input/output	51	CTR1	Counter 1
25	DIO7	Digital input/output	52	CTR0	Counter 0
26	GND	Digital ground	53	TMR	Timer output
27	NC	No connect	54	GND	Digital ground

* RedLab 1608GX-2AO only, other models NC/no connection.

Single-ended mode pinout

Table 23. 16-channel single-ended mode pinout

Pin	Signal name	Pin description	Pin	Signal name	Pin description
1	CH0	Channel 0	28	CH15	Channel 15
2	CH8	Channel 8	29	CH7	Channel 7
3	AGND	Analog ground	30	AGND	Analog ground
4	CH1	Channel 1	31	CH14	Channel 14
5	CH9	Channel 9	32	CH6	Channel 6
6	AGND	Analog ground	33	AGND	Analog ground
7	CH2	Channel 2	34	CH13	Channel 13
8	CH10	Channel 10	35	CH5	Channel 5
9	AGND	Analog ground	36	AGND	Analog ground
10	CH3	Channel 3	37	CH12	Channel 12
11	CH11	Channel 11	38	CH4	Channel 4
12	AGND	Analog ground	39	AGND	Analog ground
13	AOUT0 *	Analog output 0	40	AGND	Analog ground
14	AGND	Analog ground	41	AGND	Analog ground
15	AOUT1 *	Analog output 1	42	+5V	+5V output
16	AGND	Analog ground	43	AGND	Analog ground
	empty			empty	
17	GND	Digital ground	44	GND	Digital ground
18	DIO0	Digital input/output	45	AICKI	AI clock input
19	DIO1	Digital input/output	46	AICKO	AI clock output
20	DIO2	Digital input/output	47	AOCKI *	AO clock input
21	DIO3	Digital input/output	48	AOCKO *	AO clock output
22	DIO4	Digital input/output	49	TRIG	Trigger input
23	DIO5	Digital input/output	50	GND	Digital ground
24	DIO6	Digital input/output	51	CTR1	Counter 1
25	DIO7	Digital input/output	52	CTR0	Counter 0
26	GND	Digital ground	53	TMR	Timer output
27	NC	No connect	54	GND	Digital ground

* RedLab 1608GX-2AO only, other models NC/no connection.

CE Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Measurement Computing Corporation
Address: 10 Commerce Way
Suite 1008
Norton, MA 02766
USA

Category: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use.

Measurement Computing Corporation declares under sole responsibility that the products

RedLab 1608G Series

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the relevant provisions of the following standards or other documents:

EC EMC Directive 2004/108/EC: General Requirements, EN 61326-1:2006 (IEC 61326-1:2005).

Emissions:

- EN 55011 (2007) / CISPR 11(2003): Radiated emissions: Group 1, Class A
- EN 55011 (2007) / CISPR 11(2003): Conducted emissions: Group 1, Class A

Immunity: EN 61326-1:2006, Table 3.

- IEC 61000-4-2 (2001): Electrostatic Discharge immunity.
- IEC 61000-4-3 (2002): Radiated Electromagnetic Field immunity.

To maintain compliance to the standards of this declaration, the following conditions must be met.

- The host computer, peripheral equipment, power sources, and expansion hardware must be CE compliant.
- All I/O cables must be shielded, with the shields connected to ground.
- I/O cables must be less than 3 meters (9.75 feet) in length.
- The host computer must be properly grounded.
- The host computer must be USB 2.0 compliant.
- Equipment must be operated in a controlled electromagnetic environment as defined by Standards EN 61326-1:2006, or IEC 61326-1:2005.

Note: Data acquisition equipment may exhibit noise or increased offsets when exposed to high RF fields (>1V/m) or transients.

Declaration of Conformity based on tests conducted by Chomerics Test Services, Woburn, MA 01801, USA in October, 2010. Test records are outlined in Chomerics Test Report #EMI5736.10.

We hereby declare that the equipment specified conforms to the above Directives and Standards.



Carl Haapaoja, Director of Quality Assurance

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